VLR-6/16/81 NRHP-10/29/81

FHR-8-300 (11-78)

United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

or HCRS use only	Table Land Comment
100 Table 1 Table 1	4
celved	
ate entered	1

	n How to Complete Na complete applicable se		•	
1. Name	•			
historic Campl	oell County Courth	ouse		
and/or common				
2. Locat	ion			
street & number	U.S. Route 501		-	not for publication
city, town	Rustburg	vicinity of	congressional district	Fifth (W.C. Daniel)
state	Virginia code	51 county	Campbell	code 031
3. Class	ification			
district building(X) structure site P	Ownership X public private both Cublic Acquisition in process being considered	Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted X yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Owne	r of Proper	ty × 1-2-2-	والراطيق الراوية والمتويد	1
name County	of Campbell, c/o C	hairman, Board of S	upervisors '	-
street & number	P. O. Box 100			
city, town	tburg	vicinity of	state	Virginia 24588
5. Locat	ion of Lega	l Descriptio	n	
courthouse, registry	y of deeds, etc. Camp	bell County Courtho	use	
street & number				
city, town	tburg		state	Virginia
	sentation i	in Existing S	urveys	
_	istoric Landmarks on Survey	has this prop	erty been determined e	legible? yesX no
date ¹⁹⁸¹			federalX sta	te county local
depository for surve	ey records Virginia	Historic Landmarks	Commission, 221	Sovernor Street
city town Rich	mond		state	Virginia 23219

7. Desc	Description			
Condition excellent _X good fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one X original site moved date	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Campbell County Courthouse is located on the north side of U.S. Route 501 in Rustburg. The two-story, T-shaped, Flemish-bond brick edifice was erected in 1848-49. The structure is the visual focal point for this small courthouse town and overlooks the rolling hills of Campbell County.

The facade (south) is dominated by a pedimented portico that shelters the main entrance. Sitting on a high podium, the portico has four unfluted Doric columns, a Doric entablature, and an unpierced tympanum. The portico shelters the main entry which has paneled double doors framed by plain architrave trim and topped by a ramped stone lintel with a molded keystone and turned corner blocks. The building also has a number of secondary entrances which consist of both double and single doors topped by flat lintels with turned corner blocks Fenestration consists of 9/9 hung-sash windows, also topped by stone lintels with turned corner blocks, and hung louvred shutters. The cross-gable roof is covered by standing-seam sheet metal. Two brick chimneys break the roof line. The present octagonal cupola with an eagle weather vane replaces an earlier lower one.

The circuit court is located on the main floor, and the district court is on the ground floor of the building's main block. The circuit courtroom is the most distinguished space and remains in an excellent state of preservation. The focal point of the room is the judge's bench. Behind the modern bema is a Greek Revival aedicule that has Doric pilasters and a finely ornamented entablature. The pilasters have fretwork in the shafts, possibly following plates in Asher Benjamin's popular pattern book The Practical House Carpenter. The aedicule contains the emblem of the all-seeing eye, a symbol for impartial justice, that consists of a glass eye with projecting rays. The courtroom contains a very fine Greek Reviva cornice and paneled ceiling featuring elaborate plaster medallions. The room's openings are framed by symmetrical architrave trim with turned corner blocks. The original spectators' benches remain in place. A judge's chair, dating to the 1850s, is preserved in the judge's chamber located behind the courtroom. The district courtroom below has been extensively renovated and preserves no original distinguishing features. The rear ell houses the court offices and has been extensively reworked. A number of county-affiliated office buildings that date to the 20th century are located to the rear (north) of the courthouse, outside the Register bounds. These structures include the county office building, the clerk's office, and the county administration building. Private lawyers' offices are situated to the west of the courthouse. It should be noted that the courthouse has been sandblasted.

RCC

BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION:

The Campbell County Courthouse is nominated on a one-acre tract of land that includes only the courthouse building. While the courthouse is part of a larger county complex, the structures in the complex all date to the 20th century and are not connected with the courthouse's historical or architectural significance.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1700–1799 X 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C — archeology-prehistoric — archeology-historic — agriculture X architecture — art — commerce — communications		landscape architectur X law literature military music t philosophy politics/government	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation
Specific dates	1848- 49	Builder/Architect	John Wills	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Commonwealth's courthouses have a significant place in the architectural history of the state and nation. Spanning three centuries, the courthouse buildings represent a variety of architectural styles and types, each possessing an important place in county, state, and national developments. The most familiar institution of republican government in the county, the Campbell courthouse is a distinguished example in the Greek Revival style and was built between 1848-1849 by John Wills. The interior, with its elaborate plasterwork and ceiling, ranks as one of the best-preserved antebellum courtrooms. Especially interesting is the rare use within the aedicule of the "annuit coeptis" symbol from the Great Seal of the United States, the only known example of its kind in Virginia. The design of the courthouse thus reflects the regard and esteem of the people of Campbell County for their court.

HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

Following repeated requests by local citizens between 1779 and 1781 to divide Bedford County, the General Assembly finally acted upon a petition to form a new county in 1781. The county was named Campbell for Gen. William Campbell, Revolutionary War hero of the Battle of Kings Mountain, who had just fallen in the Yorktown campaign. With the drawing of the dividing line between Bedford and Campbell, New London, the county seat of Bedford, fell in Campbell's portion. The newly formed county used the buildings at New London until new county buildings could be erected at a more central location. In 1783, meeting at the house of Micajah Terrell, a committee was appointed by the court to erect a courthouse and other buildings for county use. Land, known as Rust Meadows, was given by Jeremiah Rust for this purpose. Later in the 19th century the county seat became known as Rustburg. Patrick Gibson was paid 2,356 pounds of tobacco for building the first Campbell County courthouse which was completed in 1785, whereupon the county buildings at New London were sold.

It was not until the 1840s that the present courthouse was erected to replace the original county buildings. The architect and supervisor of construction for the new building, John Wills, was paid \$200 for his services. A number of entries in the accounts of the county concern various expenses incurred in the erection of the new courthouse. In June of 1848, \$51.00 were paid to Lindsey Showalter for corner stones for the public squares as well as twelve stone steps and two pilasters for the new courthouse. In addition, funds were allocated for linseed oil to paint the exterior of the new building, carpeting and curtains for the interior, and for glass, putty, desks, chairs, windows, locks, and andirons. By 1851 there are no new entries for expenditures, indicating that the new building was probably completed and paid for by that time. When completed, the new courthouse must have been considered a stylish building as evidenced by its elaborate interior plasterwork and ceiling. The use of the "annuit coeptis" symbol within the aedicule is a unique survival in a Virginia courthouse.

The county served by the courthouse was rich agriculturally, although there were also a number of iron furnaces active in the county until the end of the Civil War. Both the Stauntor

9. Major Bib	liographica	al Refer	ences			
Campbell County Order Carly, Ruth Hairston. lishing Co., 197 Gilliam, Rosa. Count Martin, Joseph, ed.	Campbell Chronic 8 (reprint of 1927 y of Campbell. Ca	cles and Fam. 7 edition). ampbell Coun	ty School E	Board,]	1925.	
10. Geograp	hical Data	bia. Cha	arlottesvil	lle: Ho	seley &	Martin, 1836.
Acreage of nominated prope Quadrangle name <u>Rustb</u> JMT References	rty <u>l acre</u> urg, Va.			Quadrang	le scale	1:24000
1,7 6 6 8 3,7,0 Zone Easting	4 ₁ 1 2 ₁ 7 1 ₁ 0 ₁ 0 Northing	B	ne Easting	لبيا	Northing	لسل
		D F H				
Verbal boundary descript S. 501 and VA 838; bout 200' NE, just Ne rive located just NE W along said side to	thence extending a W of the courthouse of the courthouse	about 175' Nose; thence ex	Walong Es xtending ab	side of out 175	VA 838; 5' SE, al	thence extendiong SW side of
			<u> </u>			
ate	code	county			code	
···	epared By storic Landmarks C	Commission St	taff			
ganization Virginia Hi	storic Landmarks C	Commission	date	May 198	31	
reet & number 221 Gov	ernor Street	٠.	telephone	(804	786-31	44
ky or town Richmon	đ.		state Vir	ginia	23219	
2. State Hi	storic Pres	ervatio	n Offic	er C	ertifi	cation
ne evaluated significance of	f this property within the	state is:				
national	X state	local				
s the designated State Histo 65), I hereby nominate this p coording to the exiteria and	property for inclusion in t	the National Reg	ister and certif	ly that it ha	as been eva	
ate Historic Preservation O						
Tucker Hill, Exe	cutive Director c Landmarks Commis	sion		date	JUN 1	3 1981
Gartlesia (totali 178	C Landinarks Commers		islace (%)	date:		1.701
Krista eta eta eta eta eta eta eta eta eta e				i dio		

United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Campbell County Courthouse, Campbell County, Virginia

Continuation sheet #1 Item number 8



Page 1

8. SIGNIFICANCE

and James rivers were navigable to Lynchburg, allowing transportation to proceed from Campbell to both the Chesapeake Bay and Albemarle Sound. In addition, a branch of the Norfolk and Western Railroad was located at Rustburg, which provided excellent transportation ties to the western part of the state as well as to the coast. A prosperous county with such excellent means of transportation would provide substantial business and activity for its county seat and court facilities.

MTP/RCC

