**United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service** 

### **National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form**

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms

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| ype all entrie  | es-complete app   | olicable se | ctions  |                                      |  |                                       |  |                        |
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| historic  |   | Hard        | ens   |                                      |  |                                       |  |                        |
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| 2. Loc  | ation   | <del></del> |   | <del></del>                          | <del></del>  |                                       | <del></del>                                    | <del></del>            |
| street & numbe  | er  | Rout        | e 5   |                                      |  | N                                     | /A not for pub                                 | lication               |
| city, town  | Lamptie Hill  |             | <u> </u>  | cinity of 15                         | st congressional c   | listrict                              | (Paul S.                                       | Trible, Jr             |
| state   | Virginia  | code        | 51  | county                               | Charles City   |                                       | code   | 036                    |
| 3. Clas   | ssification   | on          | - <del>-</del> -  |                                      | ·  |                                       |  | <del></del>            |
| Category district X building(s) structure site object | Ownership  public X private both Public Acquis in process N/A |             | Status _X_ occupi unoccu work in Accessible _X_ yes: re yes: un | upied<br>n progress<br>e<br>stricted | Present Use agricultur commerc education entertains governme industrial military | ial<br>ial<br>nent                    | museu museu X private religiou scienti transpo | residence<br>us<br>fic |
| -   | ner of Pr   |             | ty  |                                      |  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,          | ·                      |
| name  | David L. Hardens  |             | 0. Box 9  |                                      |  |                                       |  |                        |
| street & number                                       | Charles   | <del></del> | N/A   | inity of                             |  | state                                 | Virginia                                       | zip code<br>23030      |
| 5. Loc  | ation of  | Lega        | I Des   | cripti                               | on   |                                       |  | <del></del>            |
|   | istry of deeds, etc   |             |   |                                      | ty Courthouse  |                                       | <del></del>                                    | <del></del>            |
| street & numbe  | r   |             | N/A   |                                      |  |                                       |  |                        |
| city, town  |   |             | Charles C   | ity                                  |  | state                                 | Virginia                                       | 4.                     |
| 6. Rep  | resenta   | tion i      | n Exis  | ting                                 | Survevs  |                                       |  |                        |
| Virgini   | a Historic La<br>ion Survey                                   |             |   |                                      | pperty been determ   | ined e                                | legible? y                                     | es X no                |
| date 1971, 1  | .980  |             |   | ·                                    | federal _  | X_ sta                                | ite county                                     | local                  |
| depository for s                                      | survey records  | Virgini     | a Histori   | c Landmaı                            | rks Commission   |                                       | ······································         |                        |
| city, town  |   | Richmon     | d   |                                      |  | state                                 | Virginia,                                      | 23219                  |

| 7. Des                             | cription                           |                               |                                      |     |  |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----|--|
| Condition  x excellent X good fair | deteriorated<br>ruins<br>unexposed | Check one unaltered X altered | Check one X original site moved date | N/A |  |

#### Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Hardens constitutes a 554-acre farm on the banks of the James River in Charles City County. The Hardens tract assumed its present form in 1852, when the property was acquired by David W. Haxall of Richmond. After Haxall's acquisition, the property was surveyed in 1858 by James T. Redd who identified the land use as follows: five fields consisting of 99.86, 99.86, 100, 100.04, and 99.97 acres; 82.19 acres of woods; the main house site with outbuildings and garden, 28.82 acres; fences and ditches, 1.44 acres, and a beach with 5.16 acres. The acreage at this time totalled 617.18 acres, which has since been reduced by the sale of two small parcels on the river front and by the natural erosion of the beach. The boundaries for the various lots were determined in part by ditches and the main roadway, now Virginia Route 5, a Scenic By-Way.

As suggested by excavations of adjacent sites, Hardens's land use was first determined during the Archaic Period (ca. 8000 B.C.) and certainly by the Woodland Period when the land would have been used for hunting and farming. The property consisted of 750 acres when first patented in 1638. This tract constituted all of the present Hardens tract and was bounded by Shirley Hundred Plantation to the south and Turkey Run Creek to the north. By the first quarter of the 19th century, the property was being used as a farming "quarter" for corn and grain by the Carter family of Shirley. Around 1846 its location adjacent to a navigable river made Hardens an ideal landing and wharf area as well. Hill Carter built the present dwelling house for his son, Lewis Warrington. When young Carter did not take well to farming, he sold the Hardens farm to David Haxall of Richmond. Haxall built a sawmill in the woods to the north of the house, presumably to take advantage of the abundance of timber that grew around and within the farm site. The sawmill has disappeared, but its site may retain archeological remains. The land continued as a farm until its acquisition by the present owner and it now a combination of woodlands and pasture lands, the latter immediately surrounding the 1846 dwelling house.

The present 1½-story, single-pile house, a typical example of mid-19th century Virginia vernacular architecture was built in two stages. The western section of the three bays constitutes the original part of the house and was erected ca. 1845-6. The easternmost bay was added shortly thereafter, ca. 1849. At this time the brackets may have been added as a Victorian embellishment. The wood-frame, weatherboarded house was originally flanked by two exterior and chimneys: at the time of the ca. 1849 addition, the eastern chimney was enclosed. The west chimney is laid in five-course American bond and has been disfigured by the addition of a brick furnace flue on its face.

The facade (south) is distinguished by a one-story porch with turned posts and a flat roof. It shelters the original main entrance that retains its original rectangular transom and paneled double doors. A similarly treated porch and doorway without a transom is found on the side (east) elevation. The porch has been screened. The rear (north) elevation has a single-door entry sheltered by a screened, shed-roof porch flanked by single-room lean to additions. The gable roof is broken by dormers, four each on the north and south elevations, with 6/6 hung-sash windows. The long windows on the west end are a later alteration.

### 8. Significance

| Period _X prehistoric1400-14991500-1599 _X 1600-1699 _X 1700-1799 _X 1800-18991900- | Areas of Significance—C  X archeology-prehistoric  archeology-historic  X agriculture  x architecture  art  commerce  communications |             | landscape architecture law literature X military music philosophy politics/government | e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify |
|---|--|-------------|---|---|
| Specific dates  | ca. 1845; ca. 1859   |             | nknown  |   |
|   | (for house)  | <del></del> |   |   |

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Hardens is a lower James River farm that has been maintained as a distinguishable agricultural unit for nearly three and a half centuries. The tract was first defined in 1638 when 750 acres, between Shirley Hundred and Turkey Island Creek, were patented by Elizabeth Grayne. The property later came into the possession of the Hill family and served as a quarter of the famous Shirley plantation. The present modest house, a typical example of Virginia vernacular architecture, was erected in 1846 by Hill Carter of Shirley for his son Lewis Warrington Carter. In 1852 Hardens was acquired by David Walker Haxall of Richmond who established a sawmill there and used the farm to supply his family's extensive milling operations. During the Civil War Hardens was used as a Union communications station and was later a camp for General Philip Sheridan. Prehistoric settlement patterns would indicate that Hardens was occupied from the Archaic to the Woodland period (8000 B.C. to 1600 A.D.), thus its undisturbed fields could hold significant archaeological remains.

### HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

Hardens occupies an elevated site on the east bank of the James River in an area where the James runs north to south. Its position on a major waterway and its proximity to a large swamp and elevated flat land suitable for farming both present the likelihood of prehistoric habitation, perhaps as early as the Archaic period (ca. 8000 B.C.) Excavations of adjacent sites have yielded evidence of indigenous occupations dating to both the Archaic and Woodland periods.

Hardens may have been occupied by European settlers as early as the first half of the 17th century. In 1638 Mrs. Elizabeth Grayne patented 750 acres located between Doghams Creek and Turkey Island Creek. The same 750 acres is cited in a patent to Mr. John Flowre in 1668 and described as located "between Shirley Hundred and Turkey Island Cr(eek)... formerly possest by Robert Playne, dec'd. granted to Eliz. Grayne Widow & by her (by the name of Heyman) transferred to ad. Playne & lately found to escheat..." John Flowre is mentioned several times in the few remaining colonial records of Charles City County. Between 1658 and 1661 he served as constable for Shirley Hundred precinct, an indication that he resided in the vicinity. In 1664 he sold all his personal and real property to George Harris of London. It would seem likely that Edward Hill II acquired the property known as Hardens shortly after this transaction, although there are no recorded deeds extant to substantiate the sale. Precise documentation of Charles City properties is difficult because of the destruction of many of the early county records during the Civil War.

By the early years of the 19th century, Shirley plantation and adjoining farmlands, including Hardens, had passed to Hill Carter, a descendant of Edward Hill through his grandmother Elizabeth Hill Carter. The Hardens Property began to serve as a "quarter" for Shirley and became known in plats and tax books by its present name.

### 9. Major Bibliographical References

(See Continuation Sheet #2)

| 10.                        | Geograp                               | hical Data  |                                   |                                     |  |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
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| de; th                     | nence about 175<br>James River; t     | 0' WNW, then about hence about 4600'  | 2000' WSW,<br>N along sa          | then about id bank; the             | ending about 9300' S along said 1900' N, then about 1400' W tence about 1500' NE to W side |
| .i <b>st ali s</b><br>tate | states and counti<br>N/A              | es for properties overl<br>code   | county                            | N/A                                 | undaries See Continuation Sheet  |
| tate                       | N/A                                   | code  | county                            | N/A                                 | code   |
| rganizat<br>treet & n      | 221 Corre                             | nor Street  | COMMITSSIO                        | telephone                           | (804) 786-3144   |
| rganizat                   |                                       | Historic Landmarks  | Commission                        | 1 date                              | December 1981  |
| ity or to                  | Wn Richmond                           |   |                                   | state                               | Virginia 23219   |
| 2.                         | State His                             | storic Pres   | ervatio                           | n Offic                             | er Certification   |
| he evalu                   | ated significance of                  | this property within the $\frac{X}{X}$ state                                  | state is:<br>local                |                                     |  |
| 65), I hei                 | reby nominate this p                  |   | he National Rep<br>he Heritage Co | gister and certify                  | vation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89–<br>y that it has been evaluated<br>Recreation Service.  |
|                            | toric Preservation O                  | fficer signature 11, Executive Dire   | - Degau                           | Phtolul                             | 1100/ 4 0  |
|                            |                                       | ic Landmarks Commi  | 11                                | ,                                   | date MAY 1 0 1982  |
| EED ALL MEAN SE            | RS use only<br>reby certify that this | groperty is included in t   | the National Re                   | gister                              | date W W W   |
| Keeper<br>Attest:          | of the National Reg                   | ster  |                                   |                                     | clate  |
| Chief of                   | Registration                          |   | W-91                              | ( 148 - 3 ) 46                      |  |

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HARDENS, CHARLES CITY COUNTY, VA

Continuation sheet

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Hardens originally had a center passage plan; the plan became asymmetrical by the addition of the eastern section. The hall contains the main open-well stair. The stair has a square newel post, square balusters, and a molded handrail. The openings in the hall, as in the other principal rooms, have architraves with molded trim. The paneled doors are original. The parlor to the east of the hall has a plain chair rail. The easternmost room has matchboard wainscoting added later in the century. All the principal rooms have plain Greek Revival-style mantels. The house is presently undergoing an extensive rehabilitation.

Hardens has a small complex of outbuildings. Like the main house, the former kitchen to the northeast, has been enlarged by later additions. The gable-roof structure is covered by weatherboarding and has 6/6 hung-sash. It has been converted into a residence. Many of the barns and sheds standing on the property date to the 20th century. Located to the east of the main house, a two-story tenant house also dates to the 20th century.

The grounds surrounding the house retain a number of old trees and a small orchard. The house commands a spectacular view of the James River and Turkey Island and borders the Presquile National Wildlife Refuge.

### 8. Significance

#### Historical Background

Carter was a serious agronomist, who, during the first quarter of the 19th century, abandoned the cultivation of soil-depleting tobacco in favor of corn and grain.

Hill Carter's first son, Lewis Warrington Carter, for whom the present Hardens house was built, was born in 1822. He was named for Lewis L. Warrington, commander of the ship on which his father served as a midshipman during the War of 1812. According to real estate tax records, Hill Carter is credited with building the house in 1846. The value of improvements on the property was entered in the tax books as \$1,250 with the specific notation "altered on account of buildings." By deed dated 1847 and recorded at Charles City, Hill Carter and his wife Mary B. Carter gave the 700-acre Hardens tract to their son, Lewis. Lewis Carter added \$800 in improvements to Hardens two years later, probably the extension on the east end of the house.

Lewis W. Carter apparently did not take well to farming. In 1852 he sold Hardens, including slaves, wagons, threshing machines, reapers, and other farm equipment, to David Walker Haxall of Richmond for \$20,000. According to Joanne Young's history of Shirley, the younger Carter then went to Paris.

David Haxall was closely related to Philip Haxall, owner of the famous Columbian flour mills in Richmond. A plat drawn of Hardens for Haxall in 1858 shows a plantation of 617 acres with a number of dependencies including the dwelling house. The parcels included corn and grain fields and one wooded parcel of eighty-two acres on which Haxall built a sawmill before 1862. The type and purpose of the sawmill remains a matter of conjecture, but it would have been steam powered since there was no convenient

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### 8. Significance

Historical Background (continued)

source of water power in the vicinity. According to a history of woodworking machinery first published in the late 19th century, substantial progress was made in the development of plankmaking machinery in the 1850s. Chances are Haxall's sawmill was therefore used to make planks or shingles from logs. That is must have been a substantial mill is clear from its prominence as a landmark on several Civil War maps of the area. It is interesting to note that the tax books fail to mention the addition of any physical improvements to the property in the period 1858-1861. Perhaps the sawmill, being located in the deep woods, escaped the notice of the tax assessor.

Hardens figured prominently in Civil War activities in the area. An 1862 map shows there were two Union communications stations in the vicinity, one of which occupied a building at Hardens. A field report filed by General Philip H. Sheridan on May 14, 1864, dated "Haxall's Landing," indicates that he was resting at Hardens, while "refitting and getting my command in condition..." According to local historian John Speight, the Federal spy ship Teaser was captured off Hardens during the war.

David Haxall died in 1870, and the Hardens farm was sold by his estate in 1876 to J. A. Wyatt. The present owner is David L. Farley, whose family has owned the estate for the past one hundred years.

### 9. Major Bibliographical References

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Nell Marion Nugent, <u>Cavaliers and Pioneers</u>, Abstructs of Virginia Land Patents and Grants, 1623-1666, 1666-1695, Volume II. (Richmond: Virginia State Library, 1977), p. 52.

p. 52, <sup>2</sup>War of the Rebellion, Official Records of the Union and Confederate Armies (Washington, 1891) Series I, IIIVI, pp. 778-779.

Bale, M. Powis. <u>Woodworking Machinery</u>, 3rd ed. London: Crosby, Lockwood, and Son, 1914. Charles City County <u>Deed Book</u> 10, p. 29, 368; <u>Land Tax Books</u>, 1800-1876; <u>Personal Property Tax Books</u>, 1854-1862.

Nugent, Nell Marion. Cavaliers and Pioneers, Abstracts of Virginia Land Patents and Grants 1623-1666, 1666-1695, 2 Volumes. Volume I:Baltimore: Geneological Publishing Co., 1963; Volume II, Richmond: Virginis State Library, 1977

<sup>&</sup>lt;u>Virginia Colonial Abstracts</u>, Volume 10: "Charles City County Order, 1655-1658, 1658-1661, 1661-1664," Beverley Fleet, ed.

War of the Rebellion, Official Records of the Union and Confederate Armies. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, 1891, Series I, IIIVI, pp. 778-779.

Young, Joanne, Shirley Plantation, a Personal Adventure for Ten Generations. Charles City, Va.: 1981.

Richmond, Va. Virginia State Library, maps in Archives collections.

Richmond, Va. Valentine Museum, files on Haxall family.

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### 9. Major Bibliographical References (continued)

Turner, E. Randolph, Virginia Research Center for Archaeology, Williamsburg, Va. Letter dated October 8, 1981, concerning prehistoric archaeology at Hardens, Letter in VHLC archives.

Speight, John, Jr. Richmond, Va. Interview at his residence, October 1, 1981. Redd, James T. "Hardens, The Residence of D. W. Haxall", Survey made February 27, 1858, copy in VHLC archives.

Commager, Henry Steele. Official Atlas of the Civil War New York, 1957. Plates XIX, XVII, XIX, XCII, LXXIV.

### 10. Geographical Data

Boundary justification: The nominated tract for Hardens consists of <sup>554</sup> acres. It is bounded on the west by the James River, on the east by Route 5 which is also a large part of the northern boundary and on the south and north by adjoining property lines. The nominated property follows the legal boundaries of the present owner, David L. Farley, as recorded in the Charles City County <u>Deed Book</u>. With the exception of two tracts of 54 acres, the nominated tract follows approximately the historic boundaries found on a surveye plat made in 1858 by James T. Redd for David W. Haxall, a former owner. The <sup>554</sup>-acre tract constitutes the majority of the 750 acres patented nearly 300 years earlier by Mrs. Elizabeth Grayne. The land use of the nominated site constitutes farming, timber, and pasture.

#### Verbal Boundary Description (continued)

VA 5/156, the point of origin. The boundaries are drawn to coincide with those of parcels 22-1 and 22-1D in the records of the Charles City County Commissioner of Revenue.

