UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR FOR NP.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

N

CITY. TOWN

Washington

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DATE ENTERED	

STATE

D.C.

	ISTER OF HISTORI 7 NOMINATION I	CPLACES	DATE ENTERED		
SEE!	NSTRUCTIONS IN HOW 7			FORMS	
NAME	TYPE ALL ENTRIES	COMPLETE APPL I	ICABLE SECTIONS		
HISTORIC	Flat Rock				
AND/OR COMMON	Flat Rock				
LOCATION	North side Rt. 655	west of interse	ection with Rout	e 637	
. STREET & NUMBER	, case				
CITY. TOWN				NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT	
Kenb	oridgeX	VICINITY OF	Fifth (W.	C. Daniel)	
STATE		CODE	COUNTY	CODE	
INSURA:	rinia	51	Lunenburg	111	
CLASSIFIC	ATION	. V . proff	A 100 A	many a	
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS		PRESENTUSE	
DISTRICT	РИВЫС	OCCUPIED	X_AGRICI	ULTUREMUSEUM	
X BUILDING(S)	X_PRIVATE	MUNOCCUPIED	COMM		
STRUCTURE	вотн	X WORK IN PROGRES	ssEDUCA	TIONAL X PRIVATE F	RESIDEN
SITÉ	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE		TAINMENT — RELIGIOU	
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	XYES: RESTRICTED	GOVER	NMENT ,SCIENTIFI	c .
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES UNRESTRICTE		, ,	
		NO	— MILITA		
OWNER OF	PROPERTY				
NAME	Bagley Reid				
STREET & NUMBER					
	Box 212				
CITY. TOWN			S1	TATE	
The result	Fishers Island	VICINITY OF	New	<u>York 06390</u>	
LOCATION	I OF LEGAL DESCR	RIPTION			
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	FTC				
STREET & NUMBER	Lunenburg County	Courthouse			
CITY, TOWN			ST	TATE	
	Lunenburg		Virg	inia 23952	
REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEY	(S) (See Cont	inuation Sheet	#1)
TITLE (1) H	listoric American Buil	dings Survey Ir	iventory		
DATE 1958	W . (1) (1) (1)	X conen	ALSTATECOUNTY	1004	
DEPOSITORY FOR		ELF CORN	AL ALBINICGUUNIT	LUCAL	
STIPMEN RECORDS	Tibrary of Carana				
	Library of Congress				

EXCELLENT XGOOD

__FAIR

CONDITION

__DETERIORATED
__RUINS
__UNEXPOSED

CHECK ONE

_ALTERED

X_UNALTERED

CHECK ONE

X_ORIGINAL SITE

__MOVED DATE_

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Flat Rock is a large frame farmhouse built in several sections during the first half of the 19th century and set upon a hill overlooking the rolling hills south of Kenbridge in Lunenburg County. Near the house are an early outbuilding, the remains of another, and an interesting mid-19th-century monument.

As it now stands, the house is a two-story, three-bay structure flanked by one-story, one-bay wings. The building is clad with beaded weatherboards and has 6/6 sash set in its plain window frames. A late 19th- or early 20th-century, gable-roofed porch, which now lacks its columns, shelters the front of the house, and the whole is set upon a granite rubble underpinning which was covered with scored stucco at the time of the last enlargement. Two massive exterior end chimneys flank the main block. They are granite to the height of the eaves and brick above. Reworked during the third phase of construction, they are now topped by three and four hexagonal brick stacks, respectively, at the west and east ends. Each of the three sections is covered with a gable roof embellished at the eaves with a plain box cornice.

The plan of Flat Rock is a simple one. The central section incorporates the traditional I-house plan of a single room to either side of a central stair passage, and there is one room in each wing. The house was built in three stages. The first part was a two-story, single-pile, side-passage or hall-parlor house, built in the late 18th century. It comprises the passage and west room of the present structure. Just before 1820 the east room on the first floor was added. Around 1856 the second-story east room was added, along with the wings, and the chimney stacks were remodeled to their present forms.

The woodwork in the house is plain but well-crafted. All of the first-floor rooms reflect changes made during the various alterations. The original (west) room of the main block has a mantel dating from the first remodeling. It consists of coupled Tuscan colonettes supporting a frieze with plain entablature blocks and tablet and supported by a molded shelf with a dentil cornice. A pedestal chair rail encircles the room. A change in the base molding of the chair rail on the rear wall suggests that there may originally have been an exterior door there and that the original house may have been a hall-parlor house, rather than a side-passage one.

In the passage is a double-beaded chair board and a double-beaded peg board. There is an early enclosed stair in the northwest corner and a later one in the southeast corner providing access to the later second-floor east room.

The east room of the first floor shows evidence of many changes. When the wings were added, there was a wall built flush with the former projecting chimmey breast in order to provide closets at the chimney end of the room. Recessed-panel wainscoting encircles the room; differing moldings at different sections suggest that a stair to the loft over this room, when it was a one-story wing (roughly during the second quarter of the 19th century), may have risen in the southwest corner of the room. This room retains its original mantel, which consists of a plain architrave frame supporting unadorned entablature blocks and a central tablet, capped by a molded shelf.

In each of the wings and in the second-floor east rooms, plain Greek Revival mantels with unadorned pilasters and friezes are used. In the latter room, there are a double-beaded chairboard and pegboard, and the paint is apparently original. The chair rail and window frames are pink and the baseboard and mantel are black, as are the stiles and rails of the vertical-panel, applied-mold Greek Revival door, which has mustard-colored panels.

(See Continuation Sheet #1)

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AF	IEAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	XARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
_15 00-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	XARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
X 1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
<u>X</u> 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	TPHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
_1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	APOLITICS/GOVERNMENT	_OTHER (SPECIFY)
	,	INVENTION		• • •

SPECIFIC DATES late 18th; 1819; 1856

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Flat Rock, is a large but unpretentious plantation of significance to the study of vernacular building in Southside Virginia. The main house was built in the late 18th century—unusually early for the locality—as a two-story, side-passage or hall-parlor house. Enlarged twice, it has in the process incorporated several popular decorative styles and a succession of plan types traditional in the area. The sets of hexagonal chimney stacks atop each chimney are a distinctive feature of the house. A noteworthy signed mid-19th-century monument, a smokehouse of plank construction, and a large, granite-lined icehouse pit all contribute further interest to the property.

In its earliest years, Flat Rock was the home of the Chambers family. Thomas Chambers, the first of the name to settle in the vicinity, came to the county in the mid-18th century. He later served as a vestryman of Cumberland Parish, county justice, and county sheriff. When he died in 1798, his eldest son and heir, Edward Chambers, was already an established landowner.

One of Thomas Chambers'stenants, James Hooper, had bought the farm on which he lived from Chambers in 1795. Two years later Edward Chambers bought it back from Hooper, with 50 additional acres. Since Hooper has paid 50 pounds for the farm while Edward Chambers bought it, with only a third more acreage, for 600 pounds, it is reasonable to assume that the present house was begun the two ensuing years. The second period of construction was undertaken much later in Edward Chambers'slife. The 1820 land tax books note a \$3000 increase in valuation, improvements to the dwelling house accounting for \$1000 of the increase.

Edward Chambers died before 1828. One of his children, Henry, became a U. S. Senator from Alabama in 1825. Another son, Edward R. Chambers, later became a successful lawyer and professor at Randolph Macon College. Senator Chambers is buried at Flat Rock, where he died while visiting en route to Washington. Edward R. Chambers was disinherited by his father—indeed dispossessed of Flat Rock which had been given him in 1825—due to youthful financial irresponsibility.

The plantation was sold to Edward Chambers'sdaughter, Ann Craig, by his executors. She sold the property to Peter V. Street in 1840. After the latter's death (ca. 1850) Flat Rock was occupied by Robert S. Bagley, to whom the court awarded ownership in 1855. The final alterations to Flat Rock, were apparently made during Bagley's tenure, the building valuation being increased by \$150 in 1857.

Flat Rock is currently being renovated by Bagley Reid.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Flat Rock, Lunenburg County, Virginia

CONTINUATION SHEET #1

ITEM NUMBER 6.7

PAGE 1

6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

(2) Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission Survey 1968, 1978 State Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission 221 Governor Street Richmond, Virginia 23219

7. DESCRIPTION

In the second-floor west room of the main block, the earliest surviving trim in the building gives the best indication of the house's late 18th-century date. The fireplace is surrounded by an architrave frame with single crossettes and is surmounted by an elaborately flared and molded shelf with a dentil base mold set atop a narrow pulvinated frieze. Flanking the fireplace are two wide open cupboards whose original shelf brackets are attached with wrought nails. Below these cupboards are narrower closets with doors of a single raised panel each. A later pedestal chair rail encircles the room, and an enclosed stair in the northeast corner leads to two finished chambers in the attic.

The cellar plan is similar to the first-floor plan, except that the west room was divided into two parts, with the eastern section stone-floored and whitewashed and a large root cellar excavated in the western portion.

To the northeast of the house stands an early gable-roofed smokehouse of unusual plank construction. The sills, posts, and plates are framed normally, but instead of studs, the walls are infilled with 3-inch-thick planks averaging 21 inches wide, abutting one another and tenoned into the plates and sills. These were originally covered with weatherboards. By the late 19th century the weatherboards had been replaced with thin internal battens to seal the cracks between the planks. Now, the house is covered with corrugated sheet metal. Due west of the house was an early icehouse. A large, square, granite-lined pit remains.

Northwest of the house is a mid-19th-century monument to Henry H. Chambers, M.D. (1790-1826), son of an owner of Flat Rock and later a U.S. Senator from Alabama, who is buried here where he died en route to Washington. This tall marble obelisk, which is decorated with classical forms, is of interest as a rare signed monumental sculpture. It was made by Bowie and Wright of Petersburg and erected in 1859 by his son, Henry C. Chambers of Mississippi.

BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION

The register bounds have been drawn as a regular rectangle, bounded on the south by route 655, and emompass all of the buildings mentioned in the report as well as a family cemetery, a traditional feature of Virginia rural life.

Lunenburg Co. <u>Land Tax Books</u> 1782-1865. McCullough, Rose Chambers. <u>Yesterday When It Is Past</u> . I	Richmond, 1957.
10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA	·
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 4 ACRES	
UTM REFERENCES	QUANDRANGLE SCALE 1:24000
QUADRANGLE NAME Kenbridge West, Va.	
A 1 17 7 5 3 8 9 10 4 10 9 1 5 3 10 B 1 ZONE EASTING NORTHING ZONE E	EASTING NORTHING
	<u> </u>
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION Beginning at a point on N side of State Route 655, 500' V	The state ention of State Routes
seginning at a point on N side of State Route 655, 500° v 555 and 637; thence extending 600° W along said side of s I, then 500° E, then 300° S to State Route 655 and point	said route; thence extending 300
in the first of the second	
LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING	S STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE CODE COUNTY	CODE
STATE CODE COUNTY	CODE
FORM PREPARED BY NAME/TITLE Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission State	ff
ORGANIZATION Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission	December 1978
STREET & NUMBER 221 Governor Street	TELEPHONE (804) 786-3144
CITY OR TOWN Richmond	STATE Virginia 23219
12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY V	
NATIONAL STATE X	LOCAL
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Pre hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify criteria and procedure set form by the National Park Service. STATE HISTORICE PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE	
TITLE Tucker Hill, Executive Director Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission	DATE DEC 1 9 1978
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL	REGISTER DATE
DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF ARCHEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION ATTEST:	DATE
KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER	

GPO 892-453

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Bell, Landon. The Old Free State, Vol. I. Richmond, 1937. Lunenburg Co. Deed Books 7, 17, 18, 28, 32, 35.

