FHR-8-300 (11-78) VLR-10/21/80	NRHP-6/21/82			
United States Department of Heritage Conservation and R	the Interior	For HCB	S use only	
National Register of Historic Places Inventory-Nomination Form		s received	received date entered	
See instructions in How to Complete Na Type all entries—complete applicable se				
1. Name				
historic Kendall Grove				
and/or common				
2. Location				
street & number Route 674		r	not for publication	
city, town Eastville	<u>× vicinity of</u> congr	essional district Fir:	st (Paul S. Trible,	
state Virginia code	51 county Northa	ampton	Jr.) code 131	
3. Classification				
Category Ownership	X occupied	educational entertainment government industrial	museum park Ϫ_ private residence religious scientific transportation other:	
4. Owner of Proper	ty			
name The Benjamin W. Mears, Sr.	Estate c/o Mr. a	and Mrs. C. A. T	urner, Jr.	
street & number Kendall Grove				
city, town Eastville	vicinity of	state	ginia 23347	
5. Location of Lega	Description			
courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. North	ampton County Courthouse			
street & number				
city, town Eastville		state V	irgînia	
6. Representation	in Existing Surv	leys		
Virginia Historic Landmarks title Commission Survey	has this property be	en determined elegib	le? yes no	
date 1969, 1972, 1980		federal X state	county local	
depository for survey records Virginia	Historic Landmarks Commis	ssion, 221 Gover	nor Street	
city, town Richmond		state Vi	rginia 23219	

7. Description

Condition		Check one
X excellent	deteriorated	<u>_X</u> unaltered
good	ruins	altered
fair	unexposed	

Check one X original site moved date

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

A Northampton County residence, Kendall Grove is located off Route 674 approximately 2.5 miles northwest of Eastville on Mattawoman Creek. The Federal-style residence was built ca. 1813 with improvements made to the property ca. 1840. Cross-shaped in plan, the two-story, wood-frame house has two-story projecting pavilions on the front and the rear and smaller two-story wings on each end. The main house is joined by a long passage to a wood-frame kitchen-laundry. A small complex of original outbuildings also includes a dairy, storage shed, and smokehouse. Two necessaries are parallel to the kitchen.

The main house is constructed on a brick foundation and is covered with weatherboard-The principal entrance is located on the main (east) elevation of the projecting ing. center pavilion. A replacement glass and wood-paneled front door is contained within a simply executed architrave. The entry is sheltered by the original flat-roof porch which consists of four slender Doric columns on a brick podium supporting an entablature with modillions and applied stylized decoration. A ca. 1880-90 photograph shows a Chinesestyle lattice railing above the porch, which has since been removed. The original marble steps remain in place. The treatment of the entrance and portico is repeated on the rear (west) elevation; where the portico has been glassed in. The main entrance is flanked by entrances on each of the end wings, added to the house as part of the 1840 improvements. Replacement glass and wood-paneled doors topped by three-light transoms are contained within a simply executed architrave. The entrances are sheltered by dwarf pedimented porticos that are distinguished by modillions and applied star decoration. Similar porticos are on the rears of the wings. Modillions and applied star decoration are also found on the main cornices. Fenestration consists of 9/9 hung sash on the ca. 1813 block and 6/6 hung sash on the later wings. Louvred shutters flank the windows. The cross gables in the main block have semicircular fan windows in rectangular frames with fanlike spandrels. The house features interior end chimneys, one at each end of the original section and one on the end of the rear pavilion.

Kendall Grove has a distinguished interior in an excellent state of preservation. At the time of the improvements, ca. 1840, modifications were made to the principal firstfloor rooms, resulting in Greek Revival detailing. A lateral entrance passage on the first floor provides access to the parlor, dining room, and a former bed chamber now used as a study. The entrance passage contains a lateral stair to the second floor. The curved, open-well stair has a scroll newel, a rounded handrail, scroll-sawn brackets, and square balusters, three to a tread. The door frames are embellished with symmetrically molded architrave trim with turned corner blocks. The ceiling is also bordered with symmetrically molded trim and turned corner blocks executed in plaster. The woodwork in the hall is completed by a paneled pedestal-type wainscot and a molded chair rail. The parlor, dining room, and former bed chamber have early Greek Revival-style mantels. Applied Wellford ornamentation and King of Prussia marble surrounds enhance the mantels. The rooms also have pedestal-type wainscots, symmetrically molded architrave trim with turned corner blocks, and molded ceiling cornices. The 1840 wings include cross passages, small sitting rooms, and each a school room and pantry. The rooms are less elaborately treated than those in the main block of the house.

The second floor contains the bed chambers. The mantels on the second floor are executed in a Federal style. The rooms have symmetrically molded architrave trim, turned corner blocks, and paneled pedestal-type wainscoting.

(See Continuation Sheet #1)

8. Significance

Period	Areas of Significance—C	heck and justify below		
prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599	archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art		Iandscape architectur Iaw Ilterature Ilterature military music turphilosophy	science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater
1900-	communications	industry invention		transportation other (specify)

Builder/Architect unknown

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Specific dates 1813; ca. 1840

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Kendall Grove was built ca. 1813 by George Parker, a member of the Virginia Convention of 1788 and later judge of the Virginia General Court. The house is one of a group of prominent Federal-style houses on Virginia's Eastern Shore that includes Grapeland, Wharton Place, Kerr Place, and Brownsville. Kendall Grove's notable interior, which features fine plaster moldings, King of Prussia marble fireplace surrounds, Wellford ornamentation, and Greek Revival mantels, illustrates how the Eastern Shore gentry adapted styles and fashions from the metropolitian centers of Boston, Baltimore, and Philadelphia to make architecturally sophisticated country residences. The long, low passage connecting the dwelling house to the kitchen is an indigenous feature of the Shore's vernacular architecture, as is the organization of its outbuildings. Kendall Grove is also significant as the home of George Parker's only child, General Severn E. Parker, a delegate and senator to the Virginia General Assembly and a member of the U.S. Congress, 1819-21.

HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

Kendall Grove was built on property owned by George Kendall, who died in his twenties in 1784. The land was eventually inherited by his fiancee, Margaret Eyre, daughter of Severn Eyre of Eyre Hall. She married George Parker in 1786, and they erected their house on the Kendall property, naming it in honor of George Kendall. The Kendalls, who were one of the Eastern Shore's leading colonial families, had settled in the region by the mid-17th century. Although not among the original patentees of the county, they owned substantial tracts of land in both Accomack and Northampton counties by the beginning of the 18th century. According to tradition, George Kendall was engaged to Margaret Eyre when he contracted a fever and died, and it was because of his great affection for her that he left her his property, after the death of his mother.

George Kendall's will, recorded 14 December 1784, states: "I give unto my loving mother the use of all my lands and slaves...I heretofore bequeath the same after my mother's death to Margaret Eyre Daughter of Severn Eyre dec. to be enjoyed in fee simple." Kendall's gravestone on the property records that he died on November 22, 1784, at the age of 25 years and that the stone was erected "by his friend George Parker," who would marry Kendall's fiancee two years later.

George Parker, the builder of Kendall Grove, was a member of an old and prominent Eastern Shore family. Parker's father, also named George, headed the Revolutionary committee for Accomack and was an active layman of St. George's parish. The younger George Parker is first recorded in an act of the legislature dated October 11, 1786, as one of the trustees who were authorized to establish an academy on the Eastern Shore to be named the Margaret Academy. It appears that nothing came of this effort, but it is interesting to note that on the following day Parker married Margaret Eyre, suggesting that the proposed academy may have been named for her. Parker voted in favor of the Federal constitution as a member of the Virginia Convention of 1788 and was elected a judge of the Virginia General Court in December 1815.

(See Continuation Sheet #1)

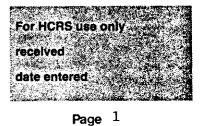
0 Major Ribliggraphical References

9. Major Bibliographical Re	eferences
Benjamin, Asher. Practical House Carpenter.	
Forman, H. Chandlee. The Virginia Eastern S Northampton County Tax Books, Will Books, De	
"Severn Eyre Parker", Biographical Dictionary	of the American Congress, 1774-1971. Washing-
ton, D.C.: U.S. Government Printing Off	ice, p. 1511. (See Continuation Sheet #2)
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of nominated property <u>34 acres</u>	
Quadrangle name Franktown, Virginia	Quadrangle scale <u>1:24000</u>
UMT References	
A 1 8 4 1 6 7 0 0 4 1 3 7 6 9 0 Zone Easting Northing	B 1 8 4 1 6 7 6 0 4 1 3 7 3 8 0 Zone Easting Northing
$c \lfloor 1 \\ 8 \rfloor \lfloor 4 \rfloor \lfloor 6 \rfloor 4 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \rfloor \lfloor 4 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 7 \rfloor 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \rfloor$	D 1,8 41,62,20 4,13,75,80
$\mathbf{E} \begin{bmatrix} 1,8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1,6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5,0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4,1 \\ 3,7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 7,4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	
	ing at a point on E side of SW inlet of Matta-
woman Creek, about 550' W of NW termination of 2100' NW along shoreline of said creek (W sid	of State Route 674; thence extending about le of peninsula); thence continuing about 1900'
NE along shoreline (N side of peninsula); the	nce continuing about 1300' S along shoreline
(E side of peninsula) to a point about 700' N	
extending about 1250' SW across neck of penir state code cod	isula to point of origin. inty code
state code cou	inty code
11. Form Prepared By	
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11. Form Prepared By name/title Virginia Historic Landmarks Commiss	sion Staff
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United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Kendall Grove, Northampton County, Virginia Continuation sheet #1 Item number 7,8



7. DESCRIPTION

Kendall Grove retains many of its original ca. 1840 outbuildings. The long, low passage or "colonnade" extends from the north wing of the main house to the kitchenlaundry. Although now rare, it was at one time an indigenous feature of Eastern Shore architecture. The wood-frame structure is set on a brick foundation that is composed of multiple brick round arches. The floor consists of bricks laid in a herringbone pattern. Sliding sash as well as louvred shutters mark the fenestration. An original storage closet is found on the west wall. A covered walkway connects the passage to the kitchenlaundry which is also a wood-frame structure set on a brick foundation. The interior has a wood floor and wide horizontal pine sheathing. The building is covered by a gable roof. The dairy, storage shed, and smokehouse are wood-frame edifices, all with shiplap siding, set on brick piers, and covered by pyramidal roofs. Their linear plan is suggestive of a plantation "street."

Kendall Grove preserves a well-landscaped garden to the rear (west) of the main house. The family cemetery is located to the north of the lawn and contains the gravestones of Severn Eyre Parker, his wife, Catherine Godden Purnell, and later generations of the Costin family. Open fields off Route 674 and an unencumbered Mattawoman Creek preserve the house's 19th-century setting.

RCC

BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION

The nominated property consists of thirty-four acres that encompass a small peninsula of land bordered by Mattawoman Creek and its inlets. The acreage is a small fraction of the original holdings of George Parker who built Kendall Grove on his 370-acre tract in 1813. The nominated property includes the main house, all original outbuildings, the cemetery, and the landscaped lawn. A modern house sits at the end of the point and constitutes an intrusion.

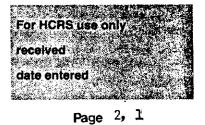
8. SIGNIFICANCE

Evidence for the ca. 1813 construction date of the house is given in the county land tax books for 1812-1814. The records of 1812 and preceding years listed no white tithable on the property, which suggests that George Parker was not then a resident. Since the county tax records list a white tithable on the property in 1813 and in every year thereafter until Parker's death, it would seem Parker and his wife took up residence at Kendall Grove in that year, presumably at the house's completion. Parker expanded operations at this plantation in 1814, increasing the number both of his slaves, from eight to nineteen, and of his horses, from six to fifteen. The most detailed portrait of Kendall Grove is given in the personal property tax records for George Parker in 1815. The portrait is also significant as a statement of Parker's wealth and prominence. Valued at \$1,500 in 1815, the house was furnished with two chests of drawers, two mahogany wardrobes, three mahogany dining tables, one sideboard with mahogany doors, a mahogany tea table, two mahogany bedsteads, one mahogany chair, a carpet, one portrait in oil, four mirrors, four plated candlesticks, a mahogany sofa, a silver coffee pot and silver teapot, two silver tankards, and one silver cup.

United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Kendall Grove, Northampton County, Virginia Continuation sheet #2 Item number 8,9



8. SIGNIFICANCE

Judge Parker died in July 1826 and was buried in St. Paul's graveyard in Baltimore. According to his will the property was left to his third wife, Susan Parker, who granted the property to Parker's son, Severn Eyre Parker, on January 10, 1827, for the price of \$150 per year. The grant is the first reference of record to "Kendall Grove," but it is clear from the context that it had been so named for quite a while.

Severn E. Parker, born in 1787, studied law, was admitted to the bar, and served as deputy clerk of the Northampton County court. He was a member of the state House of Delegates, 1809-17, and served in the state Senate from 1817-1819. In 1819 he was elected to the 16th Congress, where he made one notable speech in opposition to Northern efforts to prohibit slavery in the new state of Missouri. He was again elected to the House of Delegates in 1828, 1834, and 1835. Having briefly seen military action in the War of 1812, he was five times commissioned as a general of Virginia militia from 1831-36. He died in Northampton County on October 21, 1836, and was interred at Kendall Grove, which had served as his dwelling place since 1828. From 1837 to 1844, the property was listed in the tax books as part of the Severn E. Parker estate.

Land tax records indicate substantial additions or renovations to the property ca. 1840, by whom it is unclear. In 1839 the house was valued at \$1,600, and by 1840 it was recorded at twice that value. It was at this time that the house came into its present form. Substantial improvements were made to the interior, the end wings were added, and the outbuildings and long passage were built. The quality and style of the interior architectural treatment demonstrate that the Eastern Shore was quick to imitate the latest architectural trends, due to its location within the commercial shipping radius of Philadelphia and Baltimore.

In 1844 the property was listed under the name of Catherine G. Parker, widow of Severn Parker. It later descended to Catherine P. Parker, who inherited it upon her mother's death in 1848 but could not take full possession until she reached her majority in 1851. In that year it was valued at \$2,500. Following her marriage to Robert S. Costin in 1853, Kendall Grove became taxed as the property of her husband. Since that time, the property has remained in the possession of Costin descendants and is now owned by the estate of Benjamin Mears.

RAC/RCC

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Shippen, Rebecca. "The Parker Family of Northampton and Accomack Counties", <u>Virginia Magazine</u> of History and Biography Vol. VI, pp. 412-420.

Whitelaw, Ralph. Virginia's Eastern Shore, A History of Northampton and Accomack Counties. Gloucester, Mass., 1968, Vol. 1, pp. 311-315.

