Form	NO. 10.300 (Rev 10.74) VLR - 11/15/77 NK	HP- 5/22	-/78			
	UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE		FOR NPS USE ONLY			
7	<b>`TIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC</b>	PLACES	RECEIVED			
1	INVENTORY NOMINATION FO		DATEENTERED	IAY 2 2 1978		
	SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO					
	TYPE ALL ENTRIES CO	MPLETE APPI	LICABLE SECTIONS			
	HISTORIC Stover House					
	AND/OR COMMON					
	LOCATION At northwestern end Shenandoah River; .9	Shenandoan River; , 9 mile NW of intersection of state folles bou and				
	CITY, JOWN		NOT FOR PUT	BLICATION ONAL DISTRICT		
	Luray X_vio		Seventh	(J. Kenneth Robinson)		
1.1	state CO Virginia 5	I	COWNTY Page	139		
1	CLASSIFICATION	ha ng				
	X_BUILDING(5)       X_PRIVATE        STRUCTURE      SOTH        SITE       PUBLIC ACQUISITION        OBJECT      IN PROCESS        BEING CONSIDERED	STATUS DCCUPIED UNOCCUPIED WORK IN PROGRI ACCESSIBLE YES RESTRICTED UNRESTRICTED NO	ENTER — GOVE	TERCIALPARK ATIONALPRIVATE RESIDENCE ITAINMENTRELIGIOUS RNMENT ,SCIENTIFIC STRIALTRANSPORTATION		
	<b>OWNER OF PROPERTY</b> Fort Stover Properties, Inc. Mr. George W. Bauserman, Ag	;ent				
	STREET& NUMBER RFD # 1					
	CITY, TOWN	INITY OF	s Virg	fATE inia 22835		
	LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION					
	COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS ETC Page County Co	ourthouse				
	CITY. TOWN		s	ТАТЕ		
1	Luray	damenta data anti-anti-anti-anti-	V	irginia		
1	TILE (1) Historic American Buildi		YS (3j (See cor	tinuation sheet 81)		
	DATE 1940, 1941		RALSTATECOUNTY	LOCAL		
Ì t	DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS Library of Congress					
	CITY SOWN Washington, D.C.		SI	TATE		

## **DESCRIPTION**

# CONDITION CHECK ONE CHECK ONE XEXCELLENT \_\_DETERIORATED XUNALTERED XORIGINAL SITE \_\_GOOD \_\_RUINS \_\_ALTERED \_\_MOVED \_\_FAIR \_\_UNEXPOSED \_\_MOVED \_\_MOVED

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Fort Stover, one of a group of Germanic houses called forts because of their vaulted cellars, is set at the edge of a steep escarpment facing across the flat Shenandoah River bottom land to Massanutten Mountain beyond.

The house is a two-story, rubble stone building set with its ridge parallel to the contours of the hill in such a manner that the basement projects its full height above grade on the river (west) side allowing ground-level entry to it here and ground-level entrance to the first story at the rear.

Fort Stover is three bays wide with the front entrance in the north bay of the west side. The windows on the west are evenly spaced, but the openings on the first and the second stories are not aligned. The fenestration on the rear elevation is irregular. Late 4/4 sash are currently used in all of the windows, which have small stone jack arches over them. The whole is surmounted by a gable roof and interior end chimneys.

The plan of Fort Stover is that of the traditional Rhenish <u>Flurkuchenhaus</u> except that two end chimneys are used in place of the traditional central stack to give the house a more up-to-date anglicized appearance.

The basement consists of a narrow room running along the north end corresponding with the first-floor <u>kuche</u> and containing a cooking fireplace. From it one steps down into a vaulted room occupying most of the remainder of the basement level. It is this vault, with its ventilating openings narrowing to a slit on the exterior, which is responsible for the belief that the house was intended to serve as a fort. Actually, it is a traditional feature found in the Rhineland and was used to maintain a suitably cool temperature for the storage of meats and perishable foods. Numerous hooks and nails in the ceiling attest to its use in this manner. Steps in the northeast corner of this room once led to the first floor but have been closed off.

The first floor consists of a narrow <u>kuche</u>, or kitchen running the width of the north end of the house; a large <u>stube</u>, or parlor, in the southwest corner; and a smaller <u>kammer</u>, or chamber, set off from the <u>stube</u> by vertical sheathing, in the southeast corner. In the latter room rises an enclosed winder stair.

The second-floor plan is similar to the first, but the relative sizes of the spaces corresponding to the <u>kuche</u> and the <u>stube/kammer</u> have been reversed. There was, in addition, originally no partition between the two southern rooms, and the original partition between the <u>kuche</u> and the <u>stube</u> chambers is made of vertical bevel-edged sheathing.

On the first floor, the <u>kuche</u> is relatively plain. Its off-center segmental fireplace opening has been closed, and it has suffered the loss of some trim.

The <u>stube</u> is decorated with a pedestal chair rail and a molded mantel shelf running the length of the chimney breast. It has a segmental fireplace opening and a raised hearth.

(See continuation sheet #2)

## **SIGNIFICANCE**

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW					
PREHISTORIC 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 X-1700-1799 X-1800-1899 1900-	-ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC AGRICULTURE XARCHITECTURE ART COMMERCE COMMUNICATIONS	COMMUNITY PLANNING CONSERVATION ECONOMICS EDUCATION ENGINEERING XEXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT INDUSTRY	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAW LITERATURE MILITARY MUSIC PHILOSOPHY POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	RELIGION SCIENCE SCULPTURE SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN THEATER THEATER TRANSPORTATION OTHER (SPECIFY)		

#### SPECIFIC DATES

#### BUILDER/ARCHITECT

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Stover House, traditionally called Fort Stover, is an outstanding example of a transitional Rhenish house of the late 18th century. Retaining such European features as a three-room <u>Flurkuchenhaus</u> plan, vaulted cellar, and bank siting the house's end chimneys and three-bay facade reflect the growing acculturation of Germanic groups to Anglo-American culture in the Shenandoah Valley. Built and long owned by the Stover family, the house retains most of its original trim and some early paint in the second floor rooms. It is among the best preserved and least altered of the important group of 18th-century log and stone German houses of the Massanutten Settlement.

Daniel Stover first bought land in the Massanutten area from Peter Ruffnaugh in 1746. At that time he acquired, for five shillings, 250 acres "on South River of Sharendo /Shenandoah/ at the mouth of Hawksbill Creek." By 1787, Samuel Stover (d. 1807), the original resident's son and probable builder of the house, was charged in the land tax books with the possession of 694 acres in three parcels, a holding which changed continually over the course of the next ten years. After Stover's death his 196 acre home tract passed to his sons Daniel, who got the larger portion, and Samuel, Jr., who sold his portion to his brother in 1817. Stovers held the property throughout the antebellum period.

DU, MTP

1 Augusta County Deed Book I, 60, (1746).

MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPH	ICAL REFERENCES	
Augusta County <u>Deed Book I</u> , p. Chappell, Edward A. "Rhenish Ho at Virginia Historic Landmar	uses of the Massanutten Se	ettlement." 1977. Manuscript
Kerkhoff, J.A. <u>Old Houses of Pa</u> Shenandoah County <u>Land Tax Book</u> Shenandoah County <u>Will Book G</u> , <u>Strickler, H.M. A Short History</u>	<u>ige County</u> . Luray, Va.: L <u>s</u> . p. 331 (1807).	
<b>10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA</b>	·····	
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTYAP		
ZONE EASTING NORT C	The Fort Stover property nd of the unimproved southe	ASTING NORTHING is bounded by a line beginning ern extension of State Route
E to intersection with S side of	of unimproved extension of	River; then extending 200 feet State Route 660; then following
S and W sides of said extension	n for a distance of a littl	le less than 600 feet; then ex- ittle over 400 feet NW to point
LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTI	ES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING	STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE	CODE COUNTY	CODE
STATE ,	CODE COUNTY	CODE
<b>II</b> FORM PREPARED BY NAME / TITLE Virginia Historic	Landmarks Commission Staff	
ORGANIZATION Virginia Historic	Landmarks Commission	October 1977
STREET & NUMBER 221 Governor Stree	t t	TELEPHONE 804-786-3144
CITY OR TOWN		STATE
Richmond		Virginia 23219
<b>12</b> STATE HISTORIC PRES	<b>ERVATION OFFICER</b> (	CERTIFICATION
THE EVALUATED S	IGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WI	THIN THE STATE IS:
NATIONAL	STATE X	LOCAL
	yin the National Register and certify the orange of the service.	ervation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hat it has been evaluated according to the
TITLE Tucker Hill, Executive		DATE NOV 1 5 1977
Virginia Historic Land		
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPER	ITY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL R	REGISTER
		DATE
DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF ARCHEOLOGY A	AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION	DATE

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**KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER** 

(Rev. 10-74) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Form No. 10-300a

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Fort	Stover,	Page	County,	Virginia

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RECEIVED			• •

DATE ENTERED

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CONTINUATION SHEET #1 ITEM NUMBER 6 PAGE 1

#### 6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

- (2) Historic American Buildings Survey Inventory 1958 Federal Library of Congress Washington, D.C.
- (3) Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission Survey 1968, 1977
   Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission Richmond, Virginia

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

> UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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Fort Stover, Page County, Virginia

CONTINUATION SHEET #2

ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE 2

#### 7. DESCRIPTION

The kammer is now the most spectacularly decorated first-floor room. Besides a heavy pedestal chair rail it also has a massive, classically molded shelf with mushroom-shaped pegs in the fascia mounted just above the door. A similar shelf has apparently been removed from the <u>küche</u>. An original corner cupboard in the southeast corner of the kammer was missing by the 1930s.

On the second floor an exposed molded square bearing joist runs the length of the house carrying transverse exposed joists of the same size and with similar moldings. The large <u>kuche</u> chamber is decorated with a pedestal chair rail, a molded cornice shelf running the length of the chimney breast, and a segmental opening. There is a cupboard in the northeast corner between the chimney and the east wall. It has pegs inside and is surmounted by a heavy molded cornice. Its double three-panel doors have been removed but they are stored in the attic. An enclosed attic stair rises in the southeast corner of this room.

The only significant alteration to the house has been the addition of a frame, shed-roofed kitchen which is supported on posts and attached at first-floor level over the west kitchen doorway. No early outbuildings survive.

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