United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form





	—complete applicable s			
1. Nam	ie			
historic Cle	rk's Office, Pittsy	lvania County		
and/or common	Old Clerk's Offic	e, Chatham (Prefer	ed)	
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	Main Street			V/A not for publication
	ha tham	N/A vicinity of	5th congressional district	(W. C. Daniel)
state Vi≃g	inia code	51county	Pittsylvania	code 143
3. Clas	sification			
Category district X building(s) structure site object	Ownership X public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered N/A	Status occupied work in progress AccessibleX yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Useagriculturecommercialeducationalentertainment _X governmentindustrialmilitary	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
name Town	of Chatham c/o May	or		
street & number	Municipal Buildi	ng		
city, town	Cha tham	MANNIKARK	state	Virginia 24531
5. Loca	ation of Lega	al Descripti	on	
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc. Pit	tsylvania County Co	ourthouse	•
street & number	N/A		,	
city, town	Cha tham		state	Virginia
-	resentation	in Existing	Surveys	
(1) Histor	ric American Buildin ee Continuation Shee	gs Survey Inventory		legible?yes Xno
date 1958			sta	ite county loca
depository for su	urvey records Libra	ry of Congress		
city, town	Washington		state	D. C.

Condition excellent good fair	X deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one X original site moved date	N/A

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

7. Description

The Old Clerk's Office of Pittsylvania County is located off Chatham's Main Street, behind the town offices. The one-story, gable-roof structure was built in 1812; in 1833 a two-room addition was erected. The addition has been torn down, exposing the interior partition. The building has a Flemish-bonded brick facade with four-course-American-bond brick secondary walls. The east and west elevations are distinguished by a saw-tooth brick cornice.

The entrance is found in the north half of the two-bay east elevation. It has a six-panel door framed by simple architrave trim. The bricks immediately above the door have been re-laid. A single window is found on the east and west elevations respectively; each has 9/9 hung sash with a simple architrave and square sill. The roof line is broken by a chimney on the south end. The roof is covered with wooden shingles.

As with most clerk's offices, the interior was originally treated very simply, having only plaster walls, a wooden floor, and a brick hearth. The flooring of the clerk's office has since been removed, leaving only the hearth. The county historical society, which exercises custodianship of the building, hopes to undertake a restoration which would include the reconstruction of the demolished addition and the restoration of the interior of the center section.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agricultureX architecture art commerce communications		landscape architectur X law literature military music philosophy politics/government	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1812	Builder/Architect Unknown	own	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

An integral part of a Virginia courthouse complex, the county clerk's office represents an important facet of the Commonwealth's architectural and legal history. Clerks' offices come in a variety of styles, the respective style usually chosen to complement the main court building. The clerk's office served not only as the clerk's domain but also as the chief repository of the county's official records. The clerk was entrusted with the maintenance and care of these records, which included deeds, wills, inventories, county orders, and minutes of the county court. He had to be very trustworthy and responsible, since the ownership of property could only be legally supported by the records in his care. Built in 1812 to serve the 1783 courthouse, the Old Clerk's Office of Pittsylvania at Chatham is the oldest public building in the town. From 1813 to 1852, it served as the office of William Tunstall, Jr., and his son William H. Tunstall, who succeeded him as clerk in 1836. The simple brick structure lost its intended function in 1853 with the construction of the present courthouse, which accommodated a new clerk's office.

HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

The Pittsylvania County Court at its June term in 1812 ordered that a new clerk's office be erected at the county seat of Chatham. In 1813 the structure was completed and enclosed by a fence sixty feet square. The office first served a courthouse constructed in 1783, when the county seat was moved from Callands to a more central location at Chatham. The growth of the county by the end of the early national period required the erection of a larger courthouse in 1816. In 1833 a court order called for the enlargement of the 1812 clerk's office; the building then became "L" shaped in plan through the addition of two rooms. This later addition was torn down by a local resident who purchased the property from the county in 1853, when the present courthouse was built. The foundations of the 1833 addition remain.

The local office of county clerk was created under the Virginia Constitution of 1776. In colonial days such officials were appointed by the Secretary of the Colony from among a narrow range of candidates, nearly all of whom came from wealthy families and had served on the Secretary's own staff. During the Revolution the power of replacing the clerks as vacancies occurred devolved on the local county courts. Under the new arrangement, clerks, like judges, served on good behavior and thus enjoyed long tenure of office. Although they lacked broad legal authority, they performed an indispensable function which placed them in a position to exercise considerable political influence. Until the advent of the county boards of supervisors, the clerks were nearly the only full-time public employees in the counties. The office became elective in 1870.

In Pittsylvania County, the Tunstall family dominated the office of clerk from the late colonial period to the middle of the 19th century. William Tunstall, Sr., served for twenty-four years, from 1767 (the year in which Pittsylvania was formed from Halifax)

9.	Major	Bibliog	graphica	Refere	nces	
Jo		derick . Me	morials of Ol	d Virginia Cle	erks. Ly	nchburg, Va.: J. P. Bell Co
Pit	1888. tsylvania C	ounty Order	Books.			
	chmond, Va.	Virginia E	istoric Landm			res. Pittsylvania County fi
				k's Office"; f	ile 18/-	7, "Pittsylvania County (See Continuation Sheet #1)
10	. Geog	rapnic	al Data	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(See Continuation Sheet # *
	age of nominate	ed property Chatham, V	acre			1;24000
	rangle name	Chatham, V	Trginia		(Quadrangle scale
UMT	References					
A 1			7 6 6 3 0	В		
Zo	ne Easting	Nort	hing	Zone	Easting	Northing
c [_	┸┩┞┸╇		 	D L		
E		┸	 	F L_L		
G L				н []		
abou	it 150'SE o:	f the inter	section of ro	utes T1402 and	T1407;	out 75'S of Route T1402 and thence extending about 100'S oint of origin. (See Continuation Sheet # 1
List	all states and	counties for	properties over	lapping state or o	_	undaries
state	N,	/A :	code	county	N/A	code
state	N.	/A	code	county	N/A	code
11	. Form	Prepa	red By		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
						
name	title Virgi	inia Histor	ic Landmarks	Commission Sta		
orgar	ization Vi	rginia Hist	oric Landmark	s Commission	date Oc	tober 1981
stree	t & number	221 Governo	r Street		telephone	(804) 786-3144
		ZZI GOVEINO	1 501000		<u> </u>	
		Richmond				rginia 23219
12	. State	e Histo	ric Pres	ervation	Offic	er Certification
The e	valuated signifi	icance of this p	roperty within the	state is:		
	_	ational	_X state	local		
As th	e designated St	tate Historic Pr	eservation Officer	for the National His	toric Prese	rvation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-
665).	I hereby nomina	ate this proper	ty for inclusion in t	the National Registe	er and certif	y that it has been evaluated Recreation Service.
		·	10	1 K m	-1//	Nedication Service.
State	Historic Preser			Argan Mit	cauc	
title			lxecutive Dire Indmarks Commi			date
40000000000000000000000000000000000000	HCRS use only	アルトルタデニカマイのイダンペッとは、この部分でディアのようのできることから				
			erry is included in	the National Regist	elikazaja	
				FLETTERS OF	Mark 1	date: 1977
Ke	perceme Valu	onal Registers				
ČEN MV			A CAMP TO SERVE			date

United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

CLERK'S OFFICE, PITTSYLVANIA COUNTY, MAIN STREET, CHATHAM, VA.

Continuation sheet #1 Item number 6,8, 10, 9

For HCRS use only:
received
date entered

Page 1

6. Representation in Existing Surveys

(2) Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission Survey 1970, 1981 State Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission 221 Governor Street Richmond, Virginia 23219

8. Significance

Historical Background

to 1791. His son, William Tunstall, Jr., served for forty-five years from 1791 to 1836. His son, William H. Tunstall, served for sixteen years from 1836 to 1852. William Tunstall, Jr., for whom the 1812 office was built, also clerked for the circuit superior court of law and chancery of Pittsylvania. In his later years, most of the business of the clerk's office was performed by his son, William H. Tunstall, who was his deputy and succeeded him in the office. The 1833 addition probably was built to accommodate both clerk and deputy. In the recollections of Judge William M. Treadway, who drew a sketch of the two men at the end of the 19th century, William Tunstall, Jr., "was a model of fidelity and accuracy; and no man of his day commanded more respect and confidence in all respects. He was of medium size, with a benignant, intelligent face; unpretending in manners, always calm, and remarkable for neatness and good taste in dress. After the death of Mr. Tunstall, his son, William II, was clerk of both courts until he removed to Mississippi. No county could boast of more faithful, honorable, and capable clerks." In recent years the building was acquired by the town of Chatham in order to assure its preservation as a landmark of the area's history. Care of the building has been entrusted to the Pittsylvania County Historical Society which hopes to undertake a restoration.

MTP/RCC/RAC

10. Geographical Data

Boundary Justification

The nominated property of ½ acre is drawn to include the clerk's office and the land immediately surrounding it. A reconstruction of the attached 1833 addition is scheduled to be built on its original foundations to the south of the 1812 structure. The 1833 site is included in the nominated ½-acre lot.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Courthouse."

^{1&}lt;sub>Frederick</sub> Johnston. Memorials of Old Virginia Clerks (Lynchburg, Va.: J. P. Bell Co., 1888), pp. 309-310.

