VLR - 6-18-3 NRI+P-10-23-3

(Rev. 10-90) NPS Form 10-900

OMB No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior **National Park Service**

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **REGISTRATION FORM**

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural

classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categori items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter	ies and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative
1. Name of Property	
historic name	
other names/site number: Wade Archaeological Site	44CH0062 / 019-5200
2. Location	
Rar	
3. State/Federal Agency Certification	
	Preservation Act of 1986, as amended, I hereby certify that this
	eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering
	nd meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in
	ts does not meet the National Register Criteria. I recommend
	ally statewide _X_ locally. (See continuation sheet for
additional comments.)	
Signature of certifying official Date	8/2/12
Signature of certifying official Date	
Virginia Department of Historic Resources State or Federal agency and bureau	
In my opinion, the property _X_ meets does not madditional comments.)	neet the National Register criteria. (See continuation sheet for
Signature of commenting or other official	Date
State or Federal agency and bureau	
4. National Park Service Certification	
I, hereby certify that this property is:	other (explain):
entered in the National Register	
See continuation sheet.	
determined eligible for the	
National Register	
See continuation sheet.	Signature of Keeper
determined not eligible for the National Register	
removed from the National Register	Date of Action

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1. Name of Property	CONTRACTOR OF CONTRACTOR OF MICH.	BAR BE DECOMMENDADA
historic name		
other names/site number: Wade Archaeol	ogical Site 44CH0062 / 019-5200	
2. Location		
3. State/Federal Agency Certification		
properties in the National Register of Histor 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property	nination of eligibility meets the documentatic Places and meets the procedural and profesty X meets does not meet the National nationally statewide X locally.	ssional requirements set forth in 1 Register Criteria. I recommend
Signature of certifying official Divirginia Department of Historic Resources	ate ces	
In my opinion, the property _X_ meets additional comments.)	does not meet the National Register criteria.	(See continuation sheet for
Signature of commenting or other official	Date	
State or Federal agency and bureau		
4. National Park Service Certification		,
I, hereby certify that this property is: entered in the National Register See continuation sheet determined eligible for the	other (explain):	
National Register See continuation sheet.		Signature of Keeper
determined not eligible for the National removed from the National Register	al Register Date of Action	

OMB No. 1024-4018

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Wade Archaeological Site Charlotte County

5. Classification
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)
private
private public-local
X public-State
public-Federal
public-1 cdcl al
Category of Property (Check only one box)
building(s)
district
\underline{X} site
structure
object
Number of Resources within Property
Contributing Noncontributing
buildings
<u>1</u> sites
structures
objects
_ <u>1</u> Total
Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register
Name of related multiple property listing (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)
Service Control of the Control of th
N/A
6. Function or Use
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)
Cat: <u>Domestic</u> Sub: <u>Village Site/Camp</u>
Industry/Processing/Extraction Processing Site/Manufacturing Facility
Commerce/Trade Trade (Archaeology)
·
g
<u> </u>
Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions)
Cat: Agriculture/Subsistence Sub: Agricultural Field
Recreation and Culture Outdoor Recreation
s

9
<u> </u>

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Wade Archaeological Site Charlotte County

7. Descripti	
Architectur	ral Classification (Enter categories from instructions)
%	
2.	
Materials (Enter categories from instructions)
foundat	ion
root walls	
<u> </u>	
other _	
	
Narrative D	Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)
8. Statemen	nt of Significance
Applicable	National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for
National Re	gister listing)
A	Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of
D	our history. Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
B C	Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past. Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or
	represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and
<u>X</u> D	distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction. Property has yielded, or is likely to yield information important in prehistory or history.
Criteria Co	onsiderations (Mark "X" in all the boxes that apply.)
A	owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
B	removed from its original location.
C	a birthplace or a grave.
E	a reconstructed building, object or structure.
F	a commemorative property.
G	less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.
Areas of Sig	gnificance (Enter categories from instructions)
	Archaeology-Prehistoric

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Wade Archaeological Site Charlotte County

Period of Significance Prehistoric-Late Woodland Period
Significant Dates A.D. 1000-1450
Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above)
Cultural Affiliation Native American-Saponi Indian
Architect/Builder
Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)
9. Major Bibliographical References
Bibliography
(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)
Previous documentation on file (NPS)
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been
requested.
previously listed in the National Register
previously determined eligible by the National Register
designated a National Historic Landmark
recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #
recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #
Primary Location of Additional Data X State Historic Preservation Office
Other State agency
Federal agency
Local government
X University
Other
Name of repository:
10. Geographical Data
10. Geographical Data

Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)

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Wade Archaeological Site Charlotte County

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Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)

11. Form Prepared By					
name/title:		Dr.	Brian	D.	Bates
Organization: <u>Longwood University</u>			date <u>4/01/03</u>	3	
street & number: <u>201 High Street</u>	telephone_	(434) 39:	<u>5-2875</u>		
city or town <u>Farmville</u>	state	_VA_ zip o	code <u>23909</u>	-	
Additional Documentation					
Submit the following items with the completed for	orm:				
Continuation Sheets					
Maps A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicates A sketch map for historic districts and property			umerous resourc	es.	
Photographs Representative black and white photographs of	of the property.				
Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPC) for any additional	items)			
Property Owner					
(Complete this item at the request of the SHPO on name <u>Staunton River Battlefield State Park</u>	or FPO.)				
street & number_1035 Fort Hill Trail	telephone_	(434) 454	-4312_		
city or town Randolph	state_V	A_ zip coo	le <u>23962</u>		
Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list p					

properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including the time for reviewing

instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Project (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

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7. Description:

Summary Paragraph

The Wade Archaeological Site is a Native American village site, 270 meters by 70 meters, dating to A.D. 1000 to 1450.

An extensive occupation midden, numerous pit reacures, including trash-filled storage post molds, and a hearth area have been identified at the site. The material artifacts are representative of the Dan River archaeological culture.

Background

In a variety of ways the physical characteristics of the land distinguish the property.

The soil is a sandy number and well drained, suitable for nabitation. During the Late Woodland Period large more permanent villages developed in this kind of location because of the people's reliance on agriculture.

Dr. Brian Bates and his Longwood College Archaeology Field School, through the placement of 160 shovel test pits at 15-meter intervals, first identified the site in 1996. This was followed

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(Name of Property) (location)

by the excavation of 24 1-meter test units in the highest concentration of artifacts identified at the site. In 1998 a 10 by 15 meter area within this concentration was investigation. The following year an additional area, 5 by 15-meters, was exposed (see Illustration 3). An undisturbed village midden that covers essentially the entire site was identified beneath the plow zone. Many trashed-filled pits, most of them originally used for storage (see Illustration 5), a large hearth, post molds.

charcoal samples from twere radiocalpon dated to 950 +/- 50, 750 +/- 60, and 660 +/- 40 years before present. This suggests that the site was occupied from A.D. 1000-1450.

Artifacts recovered at the site are typical of those encountered on Dan River Culture village sites. Ceramic production is abundantly apparent on the site. The ceramics, known as Dan River Ware, had generally thick walls, pointed bases, and were tempered with sand or sand and crushed quartz. Their surfaces were impressed with a net or cord wrapped paddle, or smoothed over. Lithic artifacts include an ungrooved axe, a pendant, and various sizes of small triangular projectile points for the tips of arrows, called by archaeologists either Yadkin, Madison, or Clarksville points.

The extensive occupation of the site neutralized the acidity of the soil creating an environment where bone and shell artifacts are well preserved. Bone artifacts include punches, awls, a pendant, a turtle shell bowl, and numerous fishhooks. Found with the hooks are fishhook blanks and fishhook residue that documents the technology of fishhook production.

Bone fragments, representing deer, elk, bear, fox, eastern box turtle, and various fish species were abundant at the site. Shellfish recovered from the site include numerous gastropods and bivalves.

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National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet (Name of Property) (location)



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8. Statement of Significance

Summary Paragraph

The Wade Archaeological Site (44CH0062) represents the occupation of the probable ancestors of the Saponi Indians between the years of A.D. 1000 to 1450. This group has embodied characteristics, which can be attributed to the Late Woodland Period in prehistory, under the Eastern Woodland Culture. Through the archaeological investigation of this well-preserved site, recovered features and artifacts have yielded information to further the advancement of knowledge about the social and political organization of the Saponi Indians. Feature pits, a large hearth, and post molds provide invaluable information concerning community organization. The site contains period artifacts that show a mastery of art and technology that is unique to the local region. The shell and copper ornamental artifacts are of value in demonstrating cultural interaction, trade, and status in a tribal society. The well-preserved floral and faunal remains have high potential to address questions related to subsistence.

Background

Only a few Late Woodland village sites, similar in size to the Wade Archaeological Site, have been identified along the Roanoke River in the middle Piedmont region of Virginia. The waters of the John H. Kerr Reservoir and Lake Gaston have impacted most village sites located further south along the Staunton River. This makes the Wade Archaeological Site research potential all the more important.

A large population over a period of time is evident at the Wade Archaeological Site,

Archaeological

evidence from ecolacts snows that the site was occupied year round. The Late Woodland Period is characterized by sedentary cultures with a seasonal pattern of gardening, hunting and gathering. The archaeological evidence implies a large

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(Name of Property) (location)

materialistic community with an organized structure,



The ethnic association for the Wade Archaeological Site is most reasonably that of the Saponi Indians based on the slim historic accounts for the region. The site is a prime example of how the Saponi culture developed in the areas of art, technology, trade, and domestic activity during their time of occupation at the site. The traditional Saponi's lifestyles were eventually replaced as the European settlers moved west in the New World. Only by preserving and researching sites like the Wade Archaeological Site can we recover information concerning the early Saponi Indians of Virginia.

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National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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9. Bibliographical References

Barber, Michael B., Michael F. Barber, and Christopher L. Bowen.

1994 Phase III Excavations at the Hurt Power Plant Site Pittsylvannia County, Virginia: A Protohistoric Village on the Middle Roanoke (Staunton) River. Preservation Technologies, Inc., Salem, Virginia

Bates, Brian D.

n.d. A Report on the Phase II Evaluation of Staunton River Battlefield State Park: 1996-2000. Department of Sociology and Anthropology, Longwood College, Farmville, Virginia

Briceland, Alan Vance

1987 Westward From Virginia: The Exploration of the Virginia – Carolina Frontier 1650-1700. University of Virginia Press, Charlottesville.

Ward, H. Trawick and R.P. Stephen Davis, Jr.

1993 Indian Communities on the North Carolina Piedmont A.D. 1000 to 1700. Monograph No. 2 Research Laboratories of Anthropology, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill.

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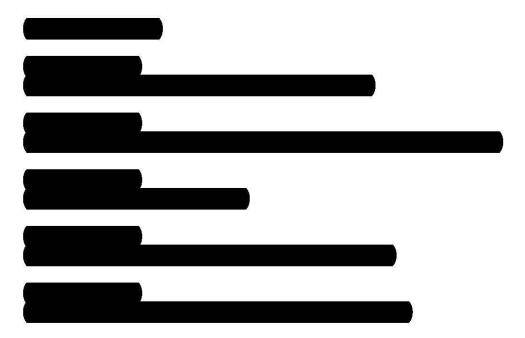
National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet (Name of Property) (location)

10. Geographical Data: Boundary Justification

The boundaries of the nomination encloses the 270 meter by 70 meter distribution of Native American artifacts location in the middle of the highest section of the nature levy 130 meters north of the Staunton River, and 300 to 570 meters west of the Southern Railroad bed.

10 Geographical Data: Verbal Boundary Description

The Wade Archaeological Site (44CH0062) is located in the vicinity of the small town of Randolph, Charlotte County, Virginia, on top of a natural levy 130 meters north of the Staunton River. The site is in the middle of the highest part of the levy 300 to 570 meters west of the Southern Railroad bed. This part of the levy contains the sandiest soil along the levy and is well drained.



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