11/2 = 17 10000 VLR-6/20/89 NRHP-1/10/91

### United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

#### National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating 0° requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information, if an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "NIA" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

1. Name of Property			
	Cllistoric District		
other names/site number 60-2	<u> 124</u>		
0 1	Name of the Control o		
	ion of VA Routes		
street & number 685, 654,	and /3/	47/ - 4 becomes	not for publication
city town Prices Fork		and the second	vicinity
state	ode ya county Mont goo	10ry code_121	
3. Classification			
Ownership of Property	Category of Property	Number of Resource	e within Propagy
private	building(s)		oncontributing
public-local	district	13	_
public-State		_	2 truildings
	site	<u> </u>	<u>()                                    </u>
public-Federal	structure		§tructures
	object		objects
		13	2 Total
Name of related multiple propeny	/ listing: Prehistoric and	Number of contributi	ng resources previously
Historia Resources of N	Montgomery County	listed in the National	Register 0
<ol> <li>State/Federal Agency Cer</li> </ol>	meation		
Signature of centrying official	vision of Historic Landmark	48	19 Na 1990 Date
	meets does not meet the National	Register criteria. See contin	uation \$heet.
Signature of commenting or other of	official		Date
State or Federal agency and burea			
. National Park Service Cert hereby, centry that this property			
<u>lentered in the National Registe</u>	er.		
see continuation sheet.			
determined eligible lor the Natr	onal		
Register. See continuation sh			
determined not eligible for the	<del></del>		
National Register.			
removed from the National Reg	pister.		and the same of th
	Cincolina	of the Keeper	Date of Action
	Signature	or trio veebel	Date of Action

Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions
Domestic: single dwelling	Domestic: single dwelling
Domestic: secondary structure	Domestic: secondary structure
Agricultural: animal facility	Agricultural: animal facility
Commerce: Store	Vacant/Not in use
Relicion: Religious structure	Religion: Religious structure
7. Description	
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)
	foundation stone: limestone
Mid-19th c.: Greek Revival	walls wood: weatherboard
other : center passage plan	brick
other : Foursquare	roof <u>metal: tin</u>
	other

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

#### SUMMARY DESCRIPTION

The village of Prices Fork is a late-nineteenth-century community located on the principal road leading west from Blacksburg. The road forks at the west end of the village, the south fork originally going to the Peppers Ferry crossing of the New River and the north road leading to Browns Ferry. The village is situated in the center of a broad landscape of rolling hills and fields between Brush Mountain on the north and Price Mountain on the south, and is watered by Toms and Stroubles creeks. The rich farming area which surrounds the village is just beginning to be affected by suburban development associated with the growth of Blacksburg to the east.

#### ARCHITECTURAL ANALYSIS

The district is clustered at the edge of a low eastward facing bluff at the east end of the present-day village. area of the district is characterized by a number of large maple and oak trees which give a sense of green shade when a visitor arrives from Blacksburg and ascends the short hill to the district's edge. The first house encountered on the south side of the road is the oldest and most architecturally interesting in The James Bain Price House (60-224-1) is a wellthe district. proportioned farmhouse situated about one hundred feet back from the road and surrounded by a fine collection of outbuildings and subsidiary structures. The hip-roofed house assumes the doublepile center-passage form, which was gaining popularity among traditional Montgomery County builders during the mid-nineteenth century.

The house features typical Greek Revival features, including wooden lintels with bull's-eye cornerblocks, and large six-oversix double-hung sash windows. A colossal central front porch supported by simple square two-story columns shelters central doors with sidelights and transoms on each floor in the three-bay principal facade. A one-story porch with small square columns spans the front. It runs below and through the two-story porch. The chimneys serving the pair of rooms on each side of the house's central passage project slightly from the exterior side walls. Early louvered blinds remain in place on the front. A small one-room gabled ell projects from the rear.

8. Statement of Significance				
Certifying official has considered the signific	nationally	erty in relation to	to other properties:	
Applicable National Register Criteria A	. □в ⊠с	□ <b>D</b>		
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	В С	_D _E	∏F ∏G	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from Architecture			of Significance	Significant Dates N/A
		Cultural N/A	Affiliation	
Significant Person		Architec Unkno	et/Builder own	

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Prices Fork Historic District is eligible under criterion C as a group of well preserved structures depicting the growth of a town at an important fork in a turnpike from the late nineteenth century into the early twentieth century. The diverse resources provide a historic and visual landscape that is dense and coherent with significant landscape features that help to link the sites together. Lines of maple trees on the southeast side of VA Route 685 and massive specimen oaks and other large trees scattered through the district are one of the most important assets.

#### HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

Prices Fork developed in the mid-nineteenth century in an area settled by the Price family. It is located on the old Peppers Ferry Road at a fork with the road to Browns Ferry (Belspring). It shows up as a scattered collection of buildings on the 1864 Confederate Engineer's Map; however, all the village's historic buildings date from the 1870s or later. Its form is that of a rural stringtown developed probably around a country store or other amenity. The antebellum Israel Price Store (no longer standing) was the initial structure around which the community grew. James Bain Price built a store and an impressive house in 1871 on the edge of the road near his house at the eastern end of the village. The house and outbuildings represent an unusual and very well preserved form and store operation at the eastern end of the district (Johnson). Apparently the nearby St. Peter's Lutheran Church, originally located at the head of Wall's Branch on land donated by the Preston family in 1806, felt the pull of the small community. It relocated there in 1877 and changed its name to St. Marks-Lutheran Church (Ashley). The area around the Methodist Church is, as was frequently the case in the nineteenth century, located in a grove of preexisting oak trees. The village grew little during the twentieth century, but a large house (60-224-3) built across from the James Bain Price House and See continuation sheet

Ashley, Frank E. Interview, 22 April, 1986.	
Johnson, Patricia Givens Preliminary Information of Historic Landmarks, 28 July, 1981.	ntion Form in files of the Virginia Division
. •	
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	See continuation sheet
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:
has been requested	State historic preservation office
previously listed in the National Register	Other State agency
previously determined eligible by the National Register	Federal agency
designated a National Historic Landmark recorded by Historic American Buildings	Local government University
Survey #	Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:
Record #	Virginia Division of Historic Landmarks
	221 Governor Street
10. Geographical Data	Richmond, Virginia 23219
Acreage of property <u>less than ten acres</u> .	
UTM References A 1 7 5 4 4 9 5 0 4 1 1 7 9 2 0 Zone Easting Northing C 1 7 5 4 5 2 5 0 4 1 1 8 1 4 0	B 1:7 5 4.4 9 3 0 411 17 9 810 Zone Easting Northing D 1:7 5 4.5 2 9 0 4.1 1 7 9.3 0
	XX See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
Beginning at point A on the north side of VA R of VA routes 685 and 654, proceeding south alo to point B, thence west 450 feet to point C, that 60-224-2 to point D, thence west along the thence north 275 feet along the west lot line (north) lot lines	ng the property line of site 60-224-1 425 feet hence north along the west property line of north side of VA Route 685 600 feet topoint b
Boundary Justification	
The boundary was chosen to include all structure character of the district. The district is bouthed the northeast, agricultural land to the southed south and modern residential structures to the	unded by a VPI & SU research center on ast, Prices Fork Elementary School on the
	See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title _Gibson Worsham	
organization Gibson Worsham, Architect	date June 1988
street & number Route 2. Yellow Sulphur Springs	telephone <u>(703) 552-1730</u>
city or town <u>Christiansburg</u>	state <u>Virginia</u> zip code 24073

t io

9. Major Bibliographical References

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet Prehistoric and Historic

		Resources of Montgomery Count	
Section number	Page1_	Prices Fork Historic District 60-224	

On the interior, an open-stringer stair with turned newels and balusters rises in the passage, which features doorways equipped with Greek Revival pilasters and entablatures. The windows have splayed newels, cornerblocks, and paneled aprons.

A meathouse is located behind the house directly in line with the ell, as is the case in several larger farmhouses of the period, including Walnut Spring (60-243, being nominated individually as part of this submission). The V-notched log structure is partially sheathed with twentieth-century weatherboard and a corrugated metal roof. A small V-notched single-crib log barn is located about one hundred feet to the southwest of the house. The barn, which is contemporary with the house, is surrounded on three sides by a frame leanto addition.

A small one-story brick gabled structure with a brick chimney is located to the immediate west of the house. Probably dating from the same period as the house, it is believed by the owners to have been used as a schoolhouse. Just to the north of the building and on the south edge of VA Route 685 stands the weatherboarded frame store built by James Bain Price (60-224-2). The store is one of the county's best-preserved commercial buildings dating from the third quarter of the nineteenth The three-bay gable-fronted structure takes the regionally popular rectangular store form. The gable front, however, is unusual in its elegance, with a pediment containing a small double-hung sash window. The paneled blinds used to secure stores at night survive intact. The interior has been substantially altered for use as rental housing by the installation of modern paneling, but most of the simple trim elements remain in place. The grounds around the Price House and store are surrounded by a wood plank fence, and ornamented by a line of maples along VA Route 685.

In a grove of hemlocks and maples across the road stands a substantial two-story brick house dating from the early twentieth century (60-224-3). The house is an excellent example of the large houses built in the period, combining the traditional center-passage plan with the more flexible spaces and functional interior arrangements promoted in magazines and pattern books. The house bears a strong resemblance to the style now identified as Foursquare. It has a central hip-roofed dormer, one-over-one double-hung sash windows, a one-story wraparound porch on sturdy square posts, and a one-story shallow bay window on the west

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet Prehistoric and Historic

Resources of Montgomery County
Prices Fork Historic District
Section number 7 Page 2 60-224

side. The house is well preserved and largely unaltered, except for the carefully placed addition of a garage to the east side, where it does not detract from the house's visual integrity. In a group along the north side of the district, sites 60-224-4 through 60-224-9 present a consistent late nineteenth-century and early twentieth-century appearance. The frame structures are sheltered under a group of large oaks, catalpa, and maple trees. The houses at 60-224-4, 60-224-5, and 60-224-9 are frame dwellings of traditional plans. The house at 60-224-4 is a small one-story weatherboarded double-pile center-passage dwelling, representative of a large number of similar houses from the early twentieth century. The well preserved house has three-over-one double-hung sash windows, stove flues flanking the central passage, and a small hip-roofed porch with turned posts.

The nearby house at 60-224-5 is an earlier two-story weatherboarded dwelling with a symmetrical three-bay facade. The center-passage house has an unusually decorative exterior, with a hipped roof, original louvered blinds, scalloped vergeboard, deep friezeboard, and cornerboards with small capitals. Projecting exterior brick chimneys rise at each end. The central window in the second floor takes its form from the entry door below, with sidelights flanking the two-over-two double-hung sash window. A one-story shed-roofed porch with turned posts shelters the front of the house. An unusual adjacent frame garage is built above a stone cellar. The garage's design harmonizes with that of the house.

Prices Fork Methodist Church (60-224-7) and St. Marks Lutheran Church (60-224-6) are located on the north side of VA Route 685 in the center of the district. Both are frame naveplan structures from the late nineteenth century, and both have simple, well preserved exterior details typical of rural churches from this period. St. Marks Lutheran Church has a three-bay depth, a pedimented gable end, and cornerboards with capitals. Although altered on the interior for use as an apartment house, the exterior has been carefully preserved, and retains its central entry vestibule and similar projecting apse at the rear. Prices Fork Methodist Church is still used by its congregation. The very well preserved church retains most interior trim elements, and six-over-six double-hung sash windows with original louvered blinds. The pedimented gable end contains a central arched entry door with narrow side pilasters and an ornamental keystone. The entrance is sheltered by a three-bay pedimented

Section number 7 Page 3

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet Prehis

Prehistoric and Historic Resources of Montgomery County Prices Fork Hsitoric District 60-224

porch (added in the early twentieth century). The church and its adjacent parking lot are sheltered by several very large oak trees. An addition to the church, built to the rear and rear west side, is placed so as not to seriously detract from the form and architectural value of the church and its significant form and detail. A neighboring modern grange hall stands well back from the road, and does not detract from the visual consistency of the streetscape.

The house at 60-224-9 is a good late nineteenth-century example of a regionally popular center-passage form. The threebay two-story frame house has large two-over-two double-hung sash windows with molded backbands, a central door with sidelights and a transom, and a wide one-story porch supported by turned posts. A two-story ell is original. Brick stove flues rise internally at each end of the main house. Nearby stands the early twentieth-century store at 60-224-8. The one-story frame commercial building is, like the James Bain Price Store, an important resource, but is currently vacant although not yet beyond restoration. The large three-over-three store windows flank a central double door and represent an increase in the amount of light and glass from the earlier Price Store. Unlike the Price Store, and like the two churches, this building has a pedimented front. A board-and-batten shed addition appears to have housed the storekeepers.

The Prices Fork Elementary School across the road from the above site is a mid-twentieth-century structure, and as such does not resemble the district's contributing buildings and their landscapes, and was not included in its boundaries, but it provides a quiet and simple presence across the street. The district is a relatively dense grouping of frame and brick buildings unified by age, materials, or the extensive plantings characteristic of lots in the district. Prices Fork stands apart from any other community in the western part of the county for its consistency and visual integrity. The two noncontributing buildings are a modern grange hall west of the Methodist Church, and a modern brick ranch-style parsonage to the east of the church.

### National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section	number	7	Page	4

#### PRICES FORK HISTORIC DISTRICT INVENTORY

60-224-1	1871 stretcher-bond brick, 2-story, 3-bay, hip-roofed, Greek Revival James Bain Price House - contributing
	v-notched log and weatherboarded outbuilding - contributing
	small, v-notched log, gable-roofed barn - contributing
60-224-2	1871 frame and weatherboarded, 1-story, 3-bay, gable-roofed, vernacular Price Store - contributing one-story, brick, gable-roofed former schoolhouse - contributing
60-224-3	ca. 1920 stretcher-bond brick, 2 1/2-story, 3-bay, hip-roofed, American Foursquare dwelling - contributing
60-224-4	ca. 1930 frame and weatherboarded, 1-story, 3-bay, gable-roofed, vernacular dwelling - contributing
60-224-5	late-19th-century, frame and weatherboarded, 2-story, 3-bay, hip-roofed, Victorian vernacular dwelling - contributing
	early-20th-century, frame and weatherboarded, 1-story, gable-roofed garage - contribuitng
60-224-6	1877 frame and weatherboarded, 1-story, 3-bay, gable-roofed, vernacular St. Mark's Lutheran Church - contributing
60-224-7	late-19th-century, frame and weatherboarded, 1-story, 1-bay, gable-roofed, vernacular Prices Fork Methodist Church - contributing
60-224-8	ca. 1900 frame and weatherboarded, 1-story, 3-bay, gable-roofed, vernacular store - contributing
60-224-9	late-19th-century, frame and weatherboarded, 2-story, 3-bay, gable-roofed, Victorian I house - contributing

#### National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number7_ Page5_				
60-224-10	1970s frame and aluminum vertical siding, 1-story, 3-bay, gable-roofed, modern Prices Fork Grange Hall - noncontributing			
60-224-11 '	1960s stretcher-bond brick, 1-story, 3-bay, gable-			

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet Prehi

Prehistoric and Historic Resources of Montgomery County Prices Fork Historic District 60-224

Section	number	8	Page	_1
---------	--------	---	------	----

one smaller house (60-224-4) date from the period. A store and house built by another member of the Price family closes off the western end of the district. The structures date from the first years of the twentieth century.

A number of Montgomery County's villages had their start in the mid-nineteenth century. Mills and country stores seem to have been the nuclei around which these communities formed. In turn, the presence of a turnpike or well traveled road seems to have been an important factor in the location of stores and mills. As a country store village, Prices Fork may be one of the best examples. The village was so named by 1864, when it shows up on the 1864 Confederate Engineer's Map. It was located mid-way between Blacksburg and the New River at the fork where the Peppers Ferry and Browns Ferry roads split, and was a central point for the many active farms of the area. The Peppers Ferry Road was developed in the mid-nineteenth century as the Salem and Peppers Ferry Turnpike.

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet Prehis

Prehistoric and Historic Resources of Montgomery County Prices Fork Historic District 60-224

Section number 10 Page 1 60-224

of the lots on the north side of VA Route 685 (to include 60-224-4) 1,175 feet to point G, thence south along the east lot line of 60-224-3 150 feet to point H, thence west along the north side of VA Route 685 150 feet to the point of origin.

UTM REFERENCES - continued:

E 17/545190/4117880



