Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

CITY, TOWN

Washington,

VLR Listed: 9/21/1976

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NRHP Listed: 4/13/1977 FOR NPS USE ON DATA SHEET

STATE

D.C.

	ISTER OF HISTORI ? NOMINATION 1	O I MI TOLO	DATE ENTERE	400	3 1977
SEEI	NSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T				S
1 NAME	TYPE ALL ENTRIES	COMPLETE APPL	ICABLE SEC	TIONS	
		a a			٠
HISTORIC Dew	House				
AND/OR COMMON Line	den Farm (Preferred);	Linden	øi		
2 LOCATION	J or of Fam	ham on Vt	13	ä	
STREET & NUMBER	On the north side of of the intersection	State Route 3 of State Routes	, north on s 3 and 61	Farnham; .3	mile east
CITY, TOWN	h om V			IGRESSIONAL DIST	
Farr STATE		VICINITY OF ·	COL	nomas N. Dow	CODE
	ginia	51	Richmo	ond	159
3 CLASSIFIC	ATION				8
CATEGORYDISTRICT	OWNERSHIP	STATUS OCCUPIED		PRES	ENT USEMUSEUM
X BUILDING(8)	XPRIVATE	XUNOCCUPIED		COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	_BOTH	WORK IN PROGRES		EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC
SITEOBJECT	PUBLIC ACQUISITION IN PROCESS	ACCESSIBLE YES: RESTRICTED		ENTERTAINMENT GOVERNMENT	RELIGIOUSSCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTE	ď .	GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL MILITARY	TRANSPORTATION _XOTHER: none
4 OWNER O	FPROPERTY				
	rginia B. Saunders	90	8		
STREET & NUMBER Rt. 1					
CITY, TOWN			3	STATE	1.60
Farnham		VICINITY OF	Vi	rginia 22	460
5 LOCATION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	OF LEGAL DESCR				
STREET & NUMBER		<u> </u>			
CITY, TOWN				STATE	
	Warsaw			rginia 22	572
6 REPRESEN	ITATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEY	YS (2) (S	ee Continua	tion Sheet # 1
(1) Histori	c American Buildings	Survey Inventor	у	Q E	
DATE 1958		_XFEDER.	AL _STATE _	COUNTY _LOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR	there of Co-				
SURVEY RECORDS I	ibrary of Congress				



CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

__EXCELLENT

_GOOD

XFAIR

__DETERIORATED

__RUINS UNEXPOSED XUNALTERED __ALTERED

XORIGINAL SITE

__MOVED

DATE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Linden Farm, near Farnham Church in Richmond County, is a small, story-and-a-half frame building. Probably begun circa 1700, the house achieved its present form by circa 1725.

The house is clad with beaded weatherboards and the asymmetrical gable roof is covered with standing-seam sheet metal, beneath which can be glimpsed an earlier layer of square-butt shingles. Tall, asymmetrical pyramidal chimneys built of brick laid in Flemish bond with random glazed headers and rodded joints, and having low, stepped water tables and parged weatherings, stand at either end. Although not bonded to the underpinning, the construction of the cellar wall and hearths in the cellar under the north end suggests that the chimneys are, nevertheless, probably original, at least to the house in its final stage. There are four irregularly spaced openings and three gabled dormers across the facade. Early six-over-nine sash light the ground-floor windows, and four-over-four sash are used in the dormers. The present front doorway consists of nineteenth-century double-leaf doors hung in an eighteenth-century frame, with a five-light transom over it.

Linden Farm was built in two stages. The original house consisted of the present southern portion, which contains a single large room, with a single lean-to room behind it. The removal of a weatherboard at eaves level revealed that the original door was positioned approximately in the center of the facade of the smaller house. It also revealed that the house had been clad with riven clapboards. Rare surviving specimens of these are preserved, beneath the plaster, on the former north gable end, now the north wall of the passage. The fenestration of the present north end has been unaltered, as the framing indicates.

The present plan dates from the addition of the north end. A passage was set off from part of the original house, creating a double-pile, central-passage house with a slightly cater-cornered chimney in each room. The handsome straight-run "Jacobean" stair with its closed string and heavy turned balusters ascends in the passage from the back to the front of the house. It is uncertain whether this stair was installed during the construction of the original house or during its expansion, and it is not possible at this time to determine whether it is in its original position.

Other than the stair, little decorative trim remains in the house. Austere Greek Revival mantels with unadorned pilasters and friezes set off the fireplaces in the front rooms, and wide double-beaded chair boards are used in all of the first-floor rooms and the passage. Many of the doors throughout the house were installed in the mid-nineteenth century, and retain their original decoration of graining in imitation of wood.

The trussed-rafter roof is notable for its use of tilted-false-plate eaves construction, in which the rafters are secured at their feet by being pegged to a square "false plate" which is set diagonally across the ends of the tie beams. This form of eaves construction, in a house this substantially built, is normally indicative of a date before circa 1725 and is often found in connection with the use of riven clapboards as a roof covering. (see Continuation sheet #2)

	PERIOD	AR	¥		
	PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
	1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1	1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
	1600-1699	X_ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
	X ₁₇₀₀₋₁₇₉₉	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
	1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
	1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
			INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES First quarter of eighteenth BUILDER/ARCHITECT century

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Linden Farm is a rare example of a colonial vernacular farmhouse on the Northern Neck of Virginia, an area which, despite its long and eventful history, retains relatively few colonial buildings of any sort. Architectural and documentary evidence indicates that the original portion of this important survival was built early in the first quarter of the eighteenth century, and that it had achieved its present form by the end of the quarter. This would make it perhaps the oldest house on the Northern Neck. Linden Farm exists in a remarkable state of preservation retaining several striking and unusual features including its massive, asymmetrical pyramidal chimneys, its closed-string "Jacobean" stair, its original riven clapboards (rare survivals in Virginia) on the former north gable end, and its tilted-false-plate eaves framing, normally an indication of a very early construction date on substantial Virginia houses.

The early history of Linden Farm is uncertain; several lawsuits and exceptionally vague boundary descriptions have made the title difficult to establish with certainty. As near as can be determined, however, the original section of the house was probably built by Andrew Dew, a member of a family which had been in the Rappahannock River area since at least the mid-seventeenth century. Dew was established in the Farnham area by 1708, when he received a 302-acre grant bounded in part by "land of the said Dew" from the proprietors of the Northern Neck. At his death in 1714, "Mr. Andrew Dew" left a substantial estate valued at \$187 3s 6d. Many of the items listed were textiles—linen, cotton, fustian, oznabrig—which suggests that Dew was a cloth merchant. (No tailor's tools were inventoried.) Though a house of one large room and a lean-to room seems to be modest accommodations for so successful an individual, it is consistent with a pattern of dwelling in small houses which is observable from the inventories of other late seventeenth and early eighteenth-century merchants of the Northern Neck.

Dew willed "the plantation I live on" to his son Andrew, who probably expanded the house to its present form. The second Andrew Dew died in 1727, leaving an estate appraised at \$24 19s ld. His property was divided between his sons Thomas and William, with the latter receiving the "land I live on." By Williams's death in 1770, his family had left Richmond County for the west, and he ordered that his land and his \$70 estate be sold and the proceeds divided among his heirs. William Dew's son Samuel, of Hampshire County (now West Virginia), purchased the land, but sold it in 1780 to Edward Saunders. (see Continuation Sheet \$\psi^3)

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9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRA	TPHICAL REFER	ENCES		
Richmond County Chance Richmond County Deed Upton, Dell, "Linden Commission archives.	and Will Books.		n Virginia Histori	c Landmarks
10 GEOGRAPHICAL D				
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERT UTM REFERENCES	γ <u>28.2 acres</u>			
A 1 8 3 5 6 5 5 0 ZONE EASTING C 1 8 3 5 6 1 5 0	4 1 9 4 5 8 0	B 1 8 2 ZONE E D 1 8 3	ASTING NORTH	9,4[5,7,0] HING 9,5[0,3,0]
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRION The acreage comprising I morth side of State Route and 611; thence extending line; thence extending approximately 1200' SW to side of said route to point	Linden Farm is boun a 3, approximately g 200' NE, then approximately 2200'N north side of Staint of origin.	1400' SE of croximately 5 W following te Route 3;	intersection of signature intersection of signature intersection of signature intersection in the signature intersection of signature in the signature intersection of signature in the signature in	tate routes 3 NE to tree extending SE along north
LIST ALL STATES AND C	COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIE	S OVERLAPPING	STATE OR COUNTY BOL	INDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
11 FORM PREPARED	BY			
Virginia Historic Lan	dmarks Commission S	Staff	DATE	
ORGANIZATION Virginia Historic Land	dmarks Commission		DATE September 1976	
STREET & NUMBER			TELEPHONE	
221 Governor Street			(804) 786-3144 STATE	
Richmond, Virginia			Virginia	
12 STATE HISTORIC	RESERVATION	OFFICER	CERTIFICATIO	N
THE EVALU	ATED SIGNIFICANCE OF T	HIS PROPERTY V	VITHIN THE STATE IS:	
NATIONAL	STATE	<u>X</u>	LOCAL	
As the designated State Historic Pre- hereby nominate this property for i criteria and procedures set forth by	nclusion in the National Re the National Park Service.			
11166 //	rne, Jr., Executive c Landmarks Commiss		DATE SEP	2 1 1976

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS TOLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF ARCHEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION

KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER

GPO 892-453

DATE 5

DATE

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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PAGE

APR 1 3 1977

CONTINUATION SHEET

#1

ITEM NUMBER

6

1

REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

(2) Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission Survey 1969, 1970, 1975 State
Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission
Richmond Virginia

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

#2

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CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE 1

DESCRIPTION

Linden Farm has not yet been available for complete structural investigation, and clues visible through the plaster and through holes in the second-floor ceiling suggest that other original structural features, possibly including a casement window, are still hidden within the partition wall which formerly served as the north gable end of the original house.

DTI

The 282- acre tract being nominated is all that remains intact of the original 302-acre grant received by Andrew Dew from the proprietors of the Northern Neck.

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

#3

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DATE ENTERED APR 1 3 1977

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE 1

SIGNIFICANCE

Saunders died in 1826, leaving his plantation to his grandson Edward Sydnor Saunders, who sold it to William H. Tayloe of Mt. Airy, in 1845, in satisfaction of a debt. Thus commenced a 65-year period during which the property underwent a rapid series of sales, resales, and lawsuits, during which it was owned by the Lyell, Siller, Hutt, Becker, and Lewis families. The 1873 deed from R. H. Lyell to Frank Siller contains the first recorded reference to the property as "Linden." It was first referred to as Linden Farm in 1900.

In 1909, Linden Farm was purchased by Dorsey B. Beaucham and has descended to his granddaughter, Mrs. Virginia B. Saunders. Thus, the present owners have maintained the longest continuous tenure of a single family in the history of the house. It is currently unoecupied and is for sale.

DTU MTP

