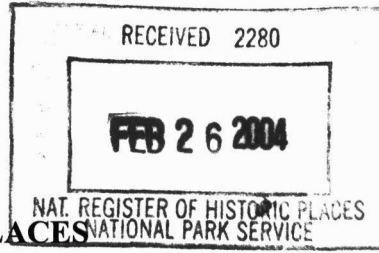


(Rev. 10-90)  
NPS Form 10-900



OMB No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
REGISTRATION FORM**

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

**1. Name of Property**

historic name Charlotte Williams Memorial Hospital

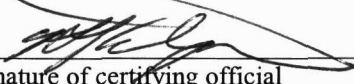
other names/site number Memorial Hospital (VDHR 127-0395)

**2. Location**

street & number 1201 E. Broad Street not for publication  
city or town Richmond vicinity  
state Virginia code VA county N/A code 127 160 Zip 23219

**3. State/Federal Agency Certification**

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1986, as amended, I hereby certify that this X nomination      request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property X meets      does not meet the National Register Criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant      nationally X statewide      locally. (     See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

  
Signature of certifying official

2/24/04  
Date

**Virginia Department of Historic Resources**  
State or Federal agency and bureau

In my opinion, the property X meets      does not meet the National Register criteria. (     See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

Signature of commenting or other official

Date

State or Federal agency and bureau

**4. National Park Service Certification**

I, hereby certify that this property is:  
 entered in the National Register  
     See continuation sheet.  
     determined eligible for the National Register  
     See continuation sheet.  
     determined not eligible for the National Register  
     removed from the National Register  
     other (explain):     

  
Signature of Keeper

Date of Action 4/9/2004

U. S. Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

Charlotte Williams Memorial Hospital  
1201 E. Broad Street, Richmond, Virginia

**5. Classification**

**Ownership of Property** (Check as many boxes as apply)

- private
- public-local
- public-State
- public-Federal

**Category of Property** (Check only one box)

- building(s)
- district
- site
- structure
- object

**Number of Resources within Property**

Contributing	Noncontributing	
<u>  1  </u>	<u>  0  </u>	buildings
<u>  0  </u>	<u>  0  </u>	sites
<u>  0  </u>	<u>  0  </u>	structures
<u>  0  </u>	<u>  0  </u>	objects
<u>  1  </u>	<u>  0  </u>	Total

Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register   0  

Name of related multiple property listing (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)

  N/A  

**6. Function or Use**

**Historic Functions** (Enter categories from instructions)

Cat:   Health Care   Sub:   Hospital  

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**Current Functions** (Enter categories from instructions)

Cat:   Government   Sub:   Government Office  

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

U. S. Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

Charlotte Williams Memorial Hospital  
1201 E. Broad Street, Richmond, Virginia

---

**7. Description**

---

**Architectural Classification** (Enter categories from instructions)

Second Renaissance Revival  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Materials** (Enter categories from instructions)

foundation Granite  
roof \_\_\_\_\_  
walls Granite  
Brick  
other \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Narrative Description** (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

---

**8. Statement of Significance**

---

**Applicable National Register Criteria** (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing)

- A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield information important in prehistory or history.

**Criteria Considerations** (Mark "X" in all the boxes that apply.)

- A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- B removed from its original location.
- C a birthplace or a grave.
- D a cemetery.
- E a reconstructed building, object or structure.
- F a commemorative property.
- G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places  
Continuation Sheet

Charlotte Williams Memorial Hospital  
1201 E. Broad Street, Richmond, Virginia

Section 7 Page 1

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**7. Summary Description:**

The Memorial Hospital is a dignified and well-composed example of the stately neo-Palladian Revival that was popular at the end of the 19<sup>th</sup> century, especially in Great Britain. The style, sometimes grouped with the Second Renaissance Revival and Neoclassical styles, has its roots in 18<sup>th</sup>-century English Palladianism.<sup>1</sup> British architects, especially J. M. Brydon, promoted the style as a way out of “the architectural chaos of the late Victorian Period,” and “a truly English twentieth-century progressive architecture,” not only English but “potentially Imperial and Modern.”<sup>2</sup>

The building is located on East Broad Street, where the Medical College of Virginia campus and other hospitals have flourished since the early 19<sup>th</sup> century, and where State Government buildings, especially the buildings of the Virginia Department of Transportation, have stood since the middle 20<sup>th</sup> century. The original plans<sup>3</sup> show the Hospital as a three-story and basement building with an H-shaped plan, with its main entrance on Broad Street. The building was of fireproof construction, with brick and granite walls, steel joists, steel elevators and masonry stairs. The building had gas and electric lights, and a coal-fired furnace in the sub-basement. The primary north and west elevations are delineated with a rusticated basement and ground floor, two primary floors with a two-story Corinthian order (the central bay on the north elevation has Corinthian pilasters), and a full entablature. The hospital had many open wards, including men’s and women’s surgical and medical wards; a children’s ward; and a gynecological ward. There were several two-bed and four-bed wards, and many private rooms on double-loaded corridors. There were accommodations for the indigent sick, including a “colored ward” in the basement of the west wing. A designated “violent patients’ room” was in the basement. The City Free Dispensary was also in the basement, facing onto Broad Street.

Three operating rooms, including a horseshoe-shaped surgical amphitheater with five viewing tiers surrounding a white-tiled operating arena, were located in the third story; an “etherizing” room was also provided. There were rooms provided for hospital staff, including a head nurse’s apartment. Rooms in the basement were designated for “male help” and “female help;” there were also “help’s dining room” and a “staff dining room.” The basement had a laundry, with a sterilizer and a steam-pressing machine called a “mangle.” There were rooms designated as photographic darkroom, X-ray room, kitchen, bakery, and morgue. The building had extensive indoor plumbing for staff and patients.

A three-tiered polygonal sun bay on the rear (south) of the west wing was a prominent feature of the original design. A three-story wooden porch was added to the rear of the east wing some time between 1905 and 1924. The porch was removed during the 1989-1990 rehabilitation.

In 1986, the Virginia Department of Transportation acquired the hospital and rehabilitated it for office use. The rehabilitation was planned and carried out in coordination with the Virginia Division of Historic Landmarks, and completed in 1990. The Historic Richmond Foundation recognized VDOT’s rehabilitation with the Award of Achievement: “The restoration was carried out with very high standards and serves as an example to other state agencies of the advantages of enlightened preservation of old buildings. The retention of the operating theater is a special concession of great merit.”

U. S. Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

Charlotte Williams Memorial Hospital  
1201 E. Broad Street, Richmond, Virginia

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**Areas of Significance** (Enter categories from instructions)

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
**Period of Significance** 1899-1903

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Significant Dates** 1899-1903

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Significant Person** (Complete if Criterion B is marked above)

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Cultural Affiliation** N/A

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Architect/Builder** Albert W. Fuller, architect  
Newton E. Ancarrow, contractor

**Narrative Statement of Significance** (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

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**9. Major Bibliographical References**

**Bibliography**

(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

**Previous documentation on file** (NPS)

- preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested.
- previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- designated a National Historic Landmark
- recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # \_\_\_\_\_
- recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # \_\_\_\_\_

**Primary Location of Additional Data**

- State Historic Preservation Office
- Other State agency
- Federal agency
- Local government
- University
- Other

Name of repository: Virginia Department of Historic Resources

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**10. Geographical Data**

**Acreeage of Property** 0.524

**UTM References** (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet)

Zone Easting Northing    Zone Easting Northing  
1 18 285165    4157207 2 \_\_\_\_\_  
3 \_\_\_\_\_    4 \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ See continuation sheet.

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places  
Continuation Sheet

Charlotte Williams Memorial Hospital  
1201 E. Broad Street, Richmond, Virginia

Section 8 Page 2

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## 8. Statement of Significance

The Charlotte Williams Memorial Hospital (VDHR 127-0395) is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion A, as a significant manifestation of the City's demand for a first-class medical facility, with the most current equipment and procedures; and under Criterion C, as a significant and elegant expression of the stately neo-Palladian Revival that was popular at the end of the 19<sup>th</sup> century, especially in Great Britain. The building retains a high degree of integrity from its original construction, although most of the hospital equipment and fixtures have been removed.

### Historical Background

Richmond's three medical schools, the Richmond Academy of Medicine, the Medical College of Virginia, and the University College of Medicine, were each organized in the 19<sup>th</sup> century.<sup>4</sup> Many of the City's early hospitals and clinics were affiliated with the medical schools. The Old Dominion Hospital began operation in 1838. In 1861, a new Old Dominion Hospital was built. The Retreat Hospital opened in 1877; the Richmond Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Infirmary and Dispensary was incorporated in 1879; the St. Luke's Hospital was organized in 1882; the Sheltering Arms Hospital was founded in 1889; and the Virginia Hospital was established in 1893. Additionally, the St. Sophia's Home (Little Sisters of the Poor); the Pine Camp Hospital, for tubercular patients; the Virginia Home for Incurables; the City Almshouse on Shockoe Hill; the Home for Aged Confederate Women; and several other retreats, clinics, asylums, and parochial homes were active at the end of the 19<sup>th</sup> century.

The physicians of the Medical College of Virginia, especially Dr. George Ben Johnston, head of the Department of Surgery; Dr. Lewis C. Boshier, Professor of Surgery; Dr. Christopher Tompkins, Dean of the Faculty and Emeritus Professor of Obstetrics; and Dr. Henry H. Levy, Professor of Practice of Medicine, advocated construction of a major new hospital in Richmond, to be used as a teaching hospital for the College, in the 1890s.<sup>5</sup>

Richmond banker John Langbourne Williams made a gift of \$160,000 to establish a hospital in the memory of his daughter, Charlotte Randolph Williams, who had drowned in 1884.<sup>6</sup> Memorial Hospital was incorporated October 12, 1899, with many of Richmond's leading citizens and physicians participating.<sup>7</sup> The proposed building was described in the *Manufacturers' Record*, with Percy Griffin of New York City as the architect.<sup>8</sup> Architect Albert W. Fuller of Albany, New York, replaced Griffin by 1901, and the hospital was built to Fuller's design. Newton E. Ancarrow of Richmond was the contractor.<sup>9</sup>



United States Department of the Interior  
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Continuation Sheet

Charlotte Williams Memorial Hospital  
1201 E. Broad Street, Richmond, Virginia

Section   8   Page   3  

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Albert W. Fuller (1854-1934) had a prolific practice in Albany, designing houses, institutional buildings, hospitals, and YMCA buildings; he worked in a wide range of popular styles. Fuller published a book titled *Artistic Homes in City and Country* in 1882. Fuller was a partner in the firms Fuller & (William A.) Wheeler, 1885-1895; Fuller & Pitcher, 1890s-1908; and Fuller & (William P.) Robinson, 1917-1925.<sup>10</sup> According to the *Richmond Dispatch*, Fuller was selected for the Charlotte Williams Memorial Hospital project on the strength of his design for the Albany General Hospital.<sup>11</sup> One Mr. Mix was identified as the architect's representative and supervisor of construction.<sup>12</sup>

The Charlotte Williams Memorial Hospital was opened for patients on July 27, 1903. The building had cost \$193,800.<sup>13</sup> In 1913, the Memorial Hospital was deeded to the Medical College of Virginia.<sup>14</sup> The building remained part of MCV until 1986, when the Virginia Department of Transportation acquired the building and rehabilitated it for office use.

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places  
Continuation Sheet

Charlotte Williams Memorial Hospital  
1201 E. Broad Street, Richmond, Virginia

Section 8 Page 4

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Endnotes

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<sup>1</sup> Other Virginia examples include the Academy of Music in Lynchburg, 1905; the U.S. Post Office and Courts Building (Old City Hall) in Norfolk, 1898; and the first State Library (Finance Building) in Richmond, 1895. See Calder C. Loth, editor, *The Virginia Landmarks Register*, Fourth Edition (Charlottesville, Virginia: The University Press of Virginia, 1999), pp. 284, 347.

<sup>2</sup> J. Mordaunt Crook, *The Dilemma of Style: Architectural Ideas from the Picturesque to the Post-Modern* (Chicago: The University of Chicago Press, 1987), pp. 209; Alastair Service, *Edwardian Architecture: A Handbook to Building Design in Britain 1890-1914* (New York, New York, and Toronto, Canada: Oxford University Press, 1977), pp. 60, 140-157.

<sup>3</sup> Reproductions of the plans, on file at the Department of Transportation, have a faint logo, "A. W. Fuller", and an even fainter "W. B. P \_\_\_\_\_."

<sup>4</sup> Charles M. Caravati, *Medicine in Richmond 1900-1975* (Richmond, Virginia: Richmond Academy of Medicine, 1975), pp. 1, 58-69, 89, 105, 116; Virginius Dabney, *Richmond: The Story of a City* (Garden City, New York: Doubleday & Co., Inc., 1976), pp. 240-251.

<sup>5</sup> Caravati, p. 112.

<sup>6</sup> W. Asbury Christian, *Richmond: Her Past and Present* (Richmond, Virginia: L. H. Jenkins, 1912), pp. 388-389. Lyon Gardiner Tyler, *Men of Mark in Virginia*, Vol. 1 (Washington, D.C: Men of Mark Publishing Co., 1906) has a biographical sketch of John L. Williams, pp. 409-412.

<sup>7</sup> "Richmond's New Hospital," *Medical Register*, Richmond, Virginia, October 1899.

<sup>8</sup> *Manufacturers' Record*, May 24, 1900, p. 309; September 27, 1900, p. 166. Griffin was known in Richmond as the designer of a winning (but never built) design for a Jefferson Davis Monument. Griffin's presence in Richmond (where he appears to have boarded in Dr. George Ben Johnston's house) likely contributed to his being selected architect for the Charlotte Williams Memorial Hospital. See Sarah Shields Driggs, Richard Guy Wilson, and Robert P. Winthrop, *Richmond's Monument Avenue* (Chapel Hill, North Carolina, and London: The University of North Carolina Press, 2001), pp. 65-68.

<sup>9</sup> *Manufacturers' Record*, June 20, 1901, p. 418.

<sup>10</sup> Obituary notice, *New York Times*, October 4, 1934; Diana S. Waite, ed., *Albany Architecture: A Guide to the City* (Albany, New York: Mount Ida Press, 1993); John E. Wells and Robert E. Dalton, *The Virginia Architects, 1835-1955: A Biographical Dictionary* (Richmond, Virginia: New South Architectural Press, 1997), p. 162.

<sup>11</sup> "Memorial Hospital," *Richmond Dispatch*, January 26, 1902. The Albany General Hospital is not mentioned in Waite, *Albany Architecture*.

<sup>12</sup> "Memorial Hospital," *Richmond Dispatch*, Richmond, Virginia, January 26, 1902.

<sup>13</sup> Caravati, p. 69.

<sup>14</sup> William T. Sanger, *Medical College of Virginia Before 1925 and University College of Medicine 1893-1913* (Richmond, Virginia: Medical College of Virginia Foundation, 1973), p. 50.



United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places  
Continuation Sheet

Charlotte Williams Memorial Hospital  
1201 E. Broad Street, Richmond, Virginia

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**Bibliography**

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- Caravati, Charles M. *Medicine in Richmond 1900-1975*. Richmond, Virginia: Richmond Academy of Medicine, 1975.
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- Dabney, Virginius. *Richmond: The Story of a City*. Garden City, New York: Doubleday & Company, Inc., 1976.
- Fuller & Pitcher, Architects, Albany, New York. Original drawings for construction of Charlotte Williams Hospital; n.d., ca. 1901. Copies on file at Virginia Department of Transportation, Administrative Services, 1201 E. Broad Street, Richmond, Virginia.
- Holiday, Ann. "Old building that's a cut above rest." *The Richmond News Leader*, Richmond, Virginia, March 30, 1990, p. 8.
- "Memorial Hospital. Picturesque View from Massive Structure Going Up. Built on Historic Ground." *Richmond Dispatch*, Richmond, Virginia, January 26, 1902.
- Sanger, William T. *Medical College of Virginia Before 1925 and University College of Medicine 1893-1913*. Richmond, Virginia: Medical College of Virginia Foundation, 1973.
- Thompson, John D. *The Hospital: A Social and Architectural History*. New Haven, Connecticut: Yale University Press, 1975.
- Tyler, Lyon Gardiner. *Men of Mark in Virginia, Ideals of American Life*. Vol. 1. Washington, D.C.: Men of Mark Publishing Co., 1906.
- Waite, Diana S., editor. *Albany Architecture: A Guide to the City*. Albany, New York: Mount Ida Press, 1993.
- Warthen, Harry J. "Medicine and Shockoe Hill: The Medical College of Virginia's Record of Service." *Richmond Times-Dispatch*, March 14, 1937, Sunday Magazine Section, p. 3.
- Wells, John E., and Robert E. Dalton. *The Virginia Architects, 1835-1955: A Biographical Dictionary*. Richmond, Virginia: New South Architectural Press, 1997.

U. S. Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

Charlotte Williams Memorial Hospital  
1201 E. Broad Street, Richmond, Virginia

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**Verbal Boundary Description** (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)

**Boundary Justification** (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)

---

**11. Form Prepared By**

---

name/title: John E. Wells, Architectural Historian

Organization: Virginia Department of Transportation, Richmond District date April 2003

street & number: 2430 Pine Forest Drive telephone (804) 524-6269

city or town Colonial Heights state VA zip code 23834

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**Additional Documentation**

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Submit the following items with the completed form:

**Continuation Sheets**

**Maps**

A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.

A sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

**Photographs**

Representative black and white photographs of the property.

**Additional items** (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

---

**Property Owner**

---

(Complete this item at the request of the SHPO or FPO.)

name Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of General Services, Division of Engineering and Buildings

street & number 805 E. Broad Street telephone (804) 786-3263

city or town Richmond state VA zip code 23219

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**Paperwork Reduction Act Statement:** This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

**Estimated Burden Statement:** Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Project (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

**United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places  
Continuation Sheet**

**Charlotte Williams Memorial Hospital  
1201 E. Broad Street, Richmond, Virginia**

Section   10   Page   6  

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**Verbal Boundary Description**

The boundaries of the nominated parcel are portrayed on the U.S.G.S. Richmond topographic map, and are defined as City of Richmond. Parcel E0000153001.

**Boundary Justification**

The boundaries of the nominated parcel include the historic hospital building and its entire original parcel. There are no other contributing or non-contributing structures, buildings, or sites on the parcel.

**United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places  
Continuation Sheet**

**Charlotte Williams Memorial Hospital  
1201 E. Broad Street, Richmond, Virginia**

**Additional Documentation**

**Photographs**

All photographs by John E. Wells, Richmond, Virginia, May 2003. Negatives in photographer's private files.

Memorial Hospital  
Richmond, Virginia  
Façade (north elevation)  
Photo no. 1 of 8

Memorial Hospital  
Richmond, Virginia  
Surgical amphitheatre  
Photo no. 7 of 8

Memorial Hospital  
Richmond, Virginia  
Façade (north elevation)  
Photo no. 2 of 8

Memorial Hospital  
Richmond, Virginia  
Sun bay room, 2<sup>nd</sup> floor  
Photo no. 8 of 8

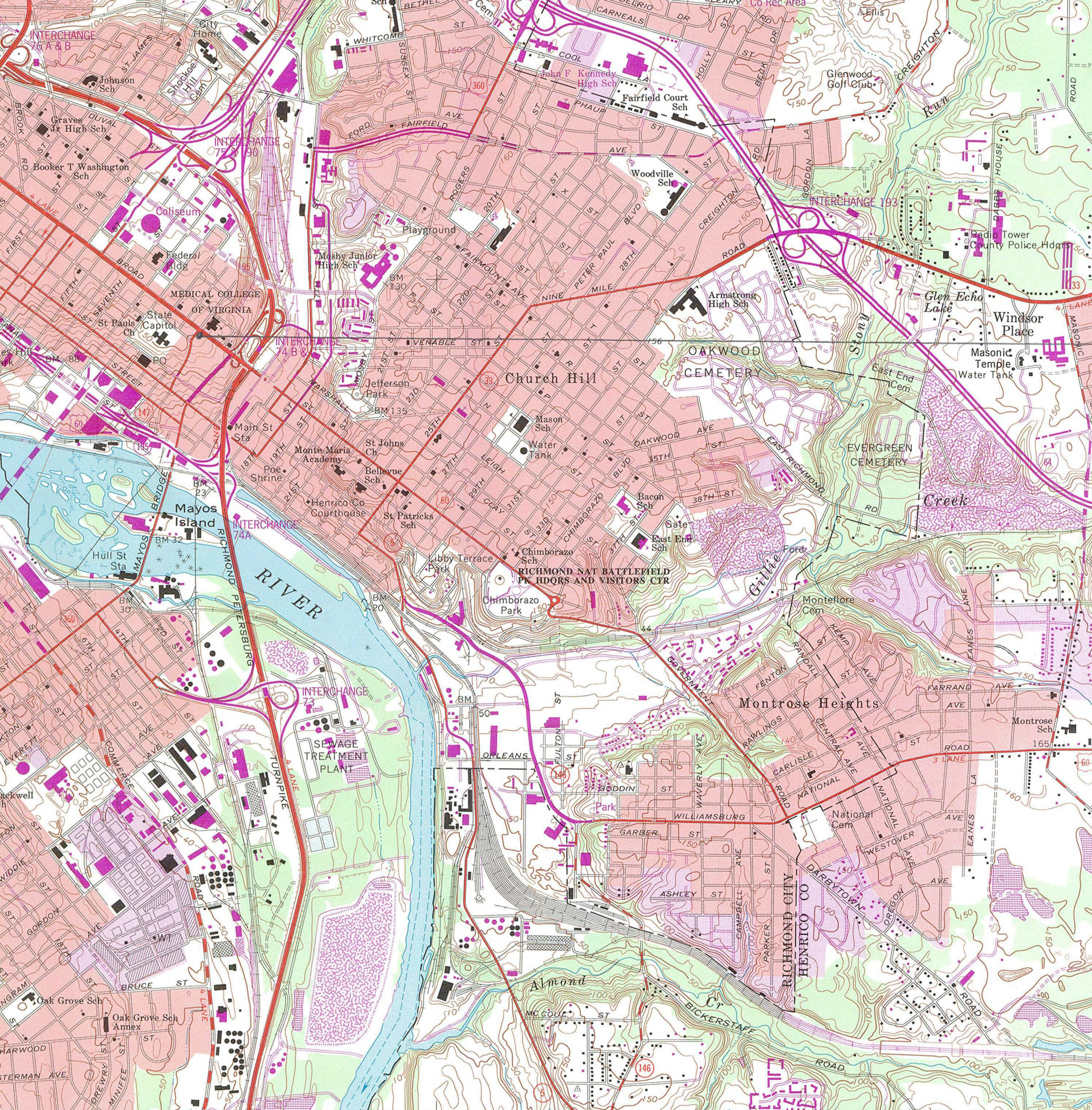
Memorial Hospital  
Richmond, Virginia  
Detail, façade (north elevation)  
Photo no. 3 of 8

Memorial Hospital  
Richmond, Virginia  
Rear (east and south elevations)  
Photo no. 4 of 8

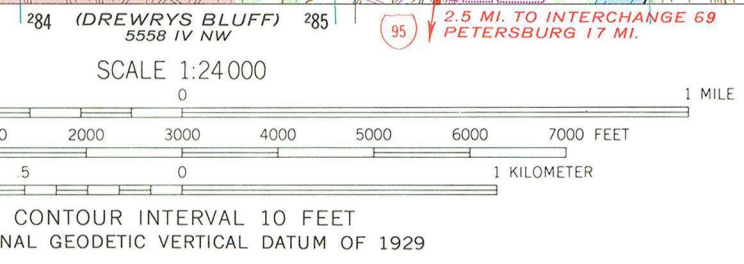
Memorial Hospital  
Richmond, Virginia  
Rear (south and west elevations)  
Photo no. 5 of 8

Memorial Hospital  
Richmond, Virginia  
Lobby and hallway, 1<sup>st</sup> floor  
Photo no. 6 of 8





18  
 285165 E  
 4157207 N  
 #127-0395  
 RICHMOND CITY  
 VIRGINIA



ROAD CLASSIFICATION

Heavy-duty	Light-duty
Medium-duty	Unimproved dirt
Interstate Route	U. S. Route
	State Route

COMPLIES WITH NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS  
 SURVEY, DENVER, COLORADO 80225 OR RESTON, VIRGINIA 22092,  
 OF MINERAL RESOURCES, CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA 22903  
 TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS AND SYMBOLS IS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

Revisions shown in purple compiled in cooperation with  
 Commonwealth of Virginia agencies from aerial photographs  
 taken 1989 and other sources. This information not  
 field checked. Map edited 1994  
 Information shown in purple may not meet USGS content  
 standards and may conflict with previously mapped contours  
 Purple tint indicates extension of urban areas

RICHMOND, VA.  
 37077-E4-TF-024  
 1964  
 REVISED 1994  
 DMA 5559 III SW - SERIES V834





**United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places  
Continuation Sheet**

Section number \_\_\_\_\_ Page \_\_\_\_\_

**SUPPLEMENTARY LISTING RECORD**

NRIS Reference Number: 04000269 Date Listed: 4/9/2004

Property Name: Charlotte Williams Memorial Hospital County: Richmond (Ind. City) State:  
VA

\_\_\_\_\_  
Multiple Name

-----  
This property is listed in the National Register of Historic Places in accordance with the attached nomination documentation subject to the following exceptions, exclusions, or amendments, notwithstanding the National Park Service certification included in the nomination documentation.

Patrick Andrews  
Signature of the Keeper

4/9/2004  
Date of Action

Amended Items in Nomination:

The building is nominated under National Register Criteria A and C, but no Areas of Significance have been indicated in section 8 of the form (Statement of Significance). The registration form is amended to add Medicine and Architecture as Areas of Significance.

**DISTRIBUTION:**

- National Register property file**
- Nominating Authority (without nomination attachment)**