United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Washington

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51 county	Northampton	code 131
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	state	Virginia
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	tions Tender of Old Town New York In progress Accessible Yes: unrestricted Yes: unr	Status County Northampton Status County Northampton Status County Northampton Present Use County Agriculture County County Courthouse Accessible County Courthouse Accessible County Courthouse

7. Description

Condition excellent good	deteriorated	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one X: original site moved date	N/A
X fair	unexposed			

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Westover, an unoccupied Northampton County residence, is located off Route 630, .4 of a mile southwest of Mattawoman Creek. The gambrel-roof structure was first erected as a single-pile, three-bay house around 1750. A two-bay extension was added to the west in the third quarter of the 18th century. A rear (north) kitchen wing constitutes a late 19th-century addition. The Flemish-bond brick east elevation has an English-bond chimney with steep sloping haunches and a corbeled brick cap. The west end, believed to have been executed in brick, is now weatherboarded with a later exterior chimney in Flemish bond.

The front (south) elevation is covered with weatherboarding and contains the main entrance. The entrance consists of a replaced-glass and wood-paneled door within a simple, one-part architrave. The entry is sheltered by a shed-roof porch that was added in the late 19th or early 20th century. Rear entrances are located off the kitchen wing. Fenestration consists of replacement 1/1 hung sash on the north and south elevations. The east and west elevations have 4/4 hung sash. The windows have been boarded up with plywood. The roof is covered by wood shingles.

The plan of Westover consists of two unequal-sized rooms, separated by a central passage that leads to the ell. The passage contains the main stair. The open-well, closed-string stair has a square newel, a molded handrail, square balusters, and a paneled spandrel. The hall also has a molded chair rail and baseboard.

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The east parlor is the earliest of the two principal rooms. The east wall is fully paneled and consists of paired vertical panels over a chair rail and smaller panels. The panels flank a large horizontal panel over the fireplace. The wall has been vandalized, and one vertical panel has been removed. At one time the large horizontal panel was cut and fitted with a stove pipe. The remaining walls are plastered and have a finely molded chair rail and baseboard. The end wall of the west parlor also is fully paneled. The panels are smaller than those found in the east parlor with two elongated horizontal panels over the fireplace architrave flanked by a cupboard. A finely molded chair rail divides the wall and ornaments the remaining plastered walls.

The second floor is divided into three chambers, less elaborate than those on the first. A rare surviving feature in the middle chamber is a wood tester for a bed. The tester is nailed to the plastered ceiling. The second-floor rooms have molded chair rails and architraves.

Westover sits in the middle of open fields which suggest its 18th-century setting. The house is somewhat dilapidated, but the current owner has made some effort to protect it by boarding up the openings.

RCC

BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION:

The nominated property of approximately 50 acres is a fraction of the 18th-century Westover parcel of 200 acres. The nominated tract preserves the house's rural setting in the midst of farmlands which are bordered on the east by the waters of Mattawoman Creek.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 X 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C	check and justify below community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement industry invention	landscape architectur law literature military music philosophy politics/government	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	2nd & 3rd quarters, 18th century	Builder/Architect unl	known	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Westover survives as a rare and important example of 18th-century vernacular architecture indigenous to Virginia's Eastern Shore. Like other fine Northampton County residences of the period, the house has handsome interior paneling, a brick end, and an original exterior end chimney with steep sloping haunches. An unusual feature of the structure is the execution of the end chimney in English bond with a Flemish bond end wall. Westover's original section, covered by a gambrel roof, is thought by some authorities to date from the first quarter of the 18th century. Examined in light of gambrel-roof houses on Maryland's Eastern Shore and Tidewater Virginia, however, Westover more likely dates ca. 1750, the period when the roof form gained widespread popularity. It would have been erected at this time by Michael Christian, Jr. who is believed to have added the western parlor shortly thereafter. Although the house has been unoccupied for a number of years, it is stabilized.

HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

The history of the Westover tract may be traced to ca. 1620 when Governor George Yeardley completed negotiations with the Indian King Bebedeavon for a neck of land on Mattawoman Creek now called Old Town Neck. The land remained in the Yeardley family, despite the division of the original patent by succeeding generations. In 1722 Michael Christian married Rose Powell, daughter of John and Sarah Yeardley Powell, who had inherited the 350-acre Westover tract at the death of her father.

Michael Christian came to the Eastern Shore from Scotland, after immigrating first to Northern Ireland. From 1729-35 he served on the County Court of Northampton and was nominated a county sheriff in 1729. He was allowed to operate a ferry from Hungars to Hampton in 1731 indicating his wealth and position at this time. Christian died in 1736 and, according to the inventory of his estate, had "a few books in physick, surgery and divinity...several beds, tables, chests, cloth, brandy and medicine..." The presence of medicine as well as books on surgery suggest that he practiced medicine. His son, Michael, inherited the Westover tract.

Michael Christian, Jr. married Patience Michael in 1747. Three years later he was appointed tobacco inspector for Northampton County. In 1773 he was among the trustees appointed to care for Indian interests and lands in Northampton County. In 1781 he was appointed a member of the House of Delegates from Northampton County. He died in 1783.

As indicated by its rather spacious rooms, Westover was the home of a prosperous citizen. The well executed paneling further attests to its builder's social status. An unusual surviving feature is a wood tester in the middle chamber nailed to the plaster ceiling. The tester originally was used for holding bed hangings, an important and valuable commodity in 18th-century inventories.

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9. Major Bibliographi	ical References
Forman, H. Chandlee: The Virginia Eastern Shore Publishers' Associated Book 28. Land Tax Books J	
10. Geographical Da	ta
Acreage of nominated property 50 acres Quadrangle name Franktown & Cheritor UMT References	Quadrangle scale 1:24000
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3200' NNE of State Route 630; then curving and following shoreline of 2700'; thence extending almost 1700	se extending 1400' E to W bank of said creek; thence said creek SW, then E, then NE, then S for approximately O'W to private drive; thence extending about 1100' NW ollowing said side of said road 800' NE to point of original said side of said road 800' NE to point of original said side of said road 800' NE to point of original said side of said road 800' NE to point of original said side of said road 800' NE to point of original said side of said road 800' NE to point of original said said said said said said said said
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11. Form Prepared B	

	andmarks Commission Staff
organization Virginia Historic Landm	marks Commission date November 1980
street & number 221 Governor Street	telephone (804) 786-3144
ity or town Richmond	state Virginia 23219
2. State Historic Pr	eservation Officer Certification
he evaluated significance of this property within X state	n the state is:
65), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion coording to the exiteria and procedures set forth state Historic Preservation Officer signature R	ricer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89— on in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated in by the Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service. Lesubmitted 5/10/82: H. Bryan Mitchell, Exec. Director Va. Historic Landmarks Commission
Tucker Hill, Executive Direct tle Virginia Historic Landmarks C	MIN TRIBANI
For HCRS use only I hereby certify that this property is include	ed in the National Register date
Keeper of the National Register	
Attest:	date
Chief of Registration	

United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Westover, Northampton County, Virginia

Continuation sheet #3

Item number 6,8,9

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Page 1

5. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

2). Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission Survey 1968, 1969, 1975
Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission 221 Governor Street Richmond, Virginia 23219

8. SIGNIFICANCE

The Westover property passed to Christian's daughter, Susannah, who married Elison Armistead. It continued to be owned by Christian descendants until 1826 when it was sold to E. J. Poulson on a 26-acre tract for \$650. It is owned presently by the Benjamin Mears Estate, the owners of Kendall Grove, an adjoining property.

MTP/RCC

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Northampton County Order Books 19, 20.

Personal Property Tax Books 1800-1820.

Will Books 14, 18, 27.

Turman, Nora M. The Eastern Shore of Virginia, 1603-1964. Onancock: The Eastern Shore News, Inc., 1964.

Upshur, Thomas T. "Sir George Yeardley...and Some of (his) Descendants." American Historical Magazine. Nashville, 1896.

Whitelaw, Ralph T. Virginia's Eastern Shore. Gloucester, MASS: Peter Smith, 1968.

